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## SUBMARINE COMMANDERS GIVEN NEW ORDERS

**Germany's Reply to President Wilson's Demand on the Submarine Warfare Has Been Finished—It Will Make a Partial if Not Complete Compliance With the Wilson Demand. Evidence of Revised Instructions to Submarine Commanders and that the Instructions Will Be Carried Out Is All that Will Satisfy President Wilson—Reported that on May Day There Were Clamors for Peace in Germany—Irish Secretary Resigned.**

[By Associated Press.]  
Washington, May 3.—Announcement from Berlin that new and definite instructions will be given the German submarine commanders, is the first positive indication of how Germany will attempt to meet President Wilson's final demand that she abandon her present submarine warfare. President Wilson is unshaken in his determination that the issue is non-negotiable. He is only willing to discuss the warfare on the basis that the new orders have been given, and upon evidence that they will be carried out in good faith.

**German Note Finished.**  
[By Associated Press.]  
Berlin, May 3.—The draft of the German reply to the American note has been finished. The reply is subject to minor changes which may result from an exchange of views between Berlin and the general headquarters. Germany's attitude will be stated precisely and clearly, and the note will communicate the definite nature of the instructions to be given the submarine commanders and other data on which Washington itself can best judge the situation. Although a censorship on the nature of the reply still exists, it is asserted the press is permitted to make these statements. The delivery date of the note to Washington has not been fixed.

**Want Peace in Germany.**  
[By Associated Press.]  
London, May 3.—An Amsterdam

dispatch says serious trouble, in which women and children of the working classes clamored for peace, occurred in Berlin on May Day. The crowds were dispersed by the police and many were arrested. Two women were wounded at Chemnitz, Saxony.

**Fire Loss in Dublin.**  
[By Associated Press.]  
Dublin, May 3.—The fire chief estimates the damage to buildings in the rebellion district is one million pounds and to stocks, three-quarter million pounds. The number of buildings destroyed or damaged is one hundred and seventy-nine.

**Secretary Resigned.**  
[By Associated Press.]  
London, May 3.—Augustine Burkell, chief secretary for Ireland, has resigned. Four signatories to the Irish republic proclamation were found guilty today and shot. They were Patrick H. Pearce, provisional president; James Connolly, commandant general; Thomas J. Clark and Thomas MacDonagh. Three other signers were given three years.

**Germans Made Gain.**  
[By Associated Press.]  
London, May 3.—Paris reports a sharp conflict in the Argonne west of Verdun, where the Germans gained a foothold in the advanced French positions after shelling and gassing. The French then drove the Germans out, Paris says.

## BUCHANAN WILLING TO MEET DAVIS

**Congressman Coming to Texas on Flood Committee Tour and Would Stop at Capital.**

Washington, May 3.—When the attention of Representative Buchanan was called to the published letter of Representative Davis, which suggests he would like to have a joint debate arranged between himself and Mr. Buchanan at Austin some time this month, the congressman said:

"A joint debate between Cyclone Davis and myself would not be of sufficient importance to the people of my district and the State to warrant me in leaving my duties in congress to go to Austin for that purpose. However, the house committee on flood control will, in all probability, make a visit to Texas within a very short time and as I have always been deeply interested in the reclamation of the bottom lands of the Brazos and Colorado rivers and the navigation of these streams I feel that I can be of service to the committee and the people residing along these streams by accompanying the committee on its tour of inspection."

"Now, if Mr. Davis will arrange his speaking date in Austin so that I can be there for a few hours while on this trip to Texas, I would be glad to meet him in discussion of the issue he has proposed, namely his attack upon Jefferson Davis in his extension of remarks in the Congressional Record. I would be glad of this opportunity to tell the people his real sentiment toward the ideals of the Confederacy in order that the truth may be known."

It has been suggested that the joint debate proposal was made by Davis in the hope of drawing a crowd at Austin and furthermore that he would seek to turn it into a prohibition discussion so as to obscure the real issue he originally suggested.

Congressman Buchanan said he would decline to permit the discussion to be thus led into extraneous matters, as the prohibition question has been sidetracked so far as this congress is concerned, having been forced into the background to make room for vital questions of great and pressing importance to the nation.

## WILSON THROUGH WITH PARLEYING

**President Said to Be Determined to Force the Kaiser to a Showdown.**

[By Robert G. Bender, United Press Correspondent.]

Washington, May 3.—The Kaiser must meet President Wilson's demands in their entirety or not at all. This was the point of view Saturday night of men in close touch with German-American relations, as the German reply is awaited. Unofficial dispatches state it will be in Washington this week. In German circles it is said it will be accompanied by a personal communication from Kaiser Wilhelm to President Wilson.

Men close to the president indicated strongly that more language will have no effect on the country's position. There is no need of any exchange of views, it is said. The German reply must show that what the president demanded is being done and is to be done in the future, if friendly relations are to continue. It can not be denied there is considerable apprehension not only among officials close to the president, but also among members of congress that Germany will not wholly meet the president's demands. There is a growing tendency to center on this question:

"What will the president do if the Kaiser does not yield?"

The reply voiced is that the president literally has burned his bridges; he has no intention whatever of backing up on his demands; he hopes for continued friendly relations with Germany, but feels that maintenance of this now is entirely up to Germany.

It is pointed out that the president and his cabinet wavered for days between severing diplomatic relations and giving Germany one more chance. Any tendency at this time indicating Germany regards this opportunity lightly, or any effort to prolong argument on any point, is likely to be sharply called, it is declared on highest authority.

There is indication already that German submarines are curbing their activities.

In the ten days since April 10, when the ultimatum to Germany was sent, ten ships have been reported attacked by German U-boats, and during the last 48 hours—or since the decision of Germany's reply is reported to have been reached—there has been one boat torpedoed.

## DISPATCH FROM BERLIN BRINGS HOPEFUL NEWS

**There Is a Hopeful Air in Washington Over the Receipt of Messages from Berlin Stating Germany May Agree to the American Demands on the Submarine Question—A Big British Battleship Was Sunk and More than a Hundred Men Lost—Turks Report Wiping Out of British Cavalry—London Reports that a German Submarine Was Sunk—German Aeroplanes Dropped Bombs on A Russian Battleship—Quiet at Verdun.**

[By Associated Press.]  
Washington, April 28.—Dispatches received at the German embassy today from the Berlin foreign office, indicate that Germany will attempt to meet the American demands for an immediate abandonment of the present method of submarine warfare. The nature of the proposals was not disclosed. The visit of Ambassador Gerard with the German emperor is a topic of broad interest.

**British Battleship Sunk.**  
[By Associated Press.]  
London, England, April 28.—The British battleship Russell has been sunk by a mine. Admiral Freemantle, the captain of the Russell, twenty-four officers and six hundred and seventy-six men were saved. The Russell was built in 1903, was of fourteen thousand tonnage and her normal complement was seven hundred and fifty men. About one hundred and twenty-four men from the Russell are missing. The ship was sunk in the Mediterranean.

**British Guard Ship Sunk.**  
[By Associated Press.]  
Berlin, April 28.—The admiralty announced today that on the night of April 26 German naval forces destroyed a large British guard vessel on Dogger Bank and brought in a fishing steamer as a prize.

**British Cavalry Wiped Out.**  
[By Associated Press.]  
Berlin, April 28.—Turkish troops

annihilated four squadrons of British cavalry, about eight hundred men, in a battle on April 23 near Quatia, on the Suez Canal, says the Turkish official statement today.

**German Sub Sunk.**  
[By Associated Press.]  
London, England, April 28.—A German submarine was sunk off the east coast of England yesterday, it was officially announced.

**Bombs on Russian Battleship.**  
[By Associated Press.]  
Berlin, April 28.—The official report issued today by the German admiralty announces that three German aeroplanes dropped thirty-two bombs on the Russian battleship Slava. Several of the bombs are said to have taken effect and fire on the battleship was observed.

**War Summary.**  
[By Associated Press.]  
London, April 28.—Another contingent of Russian troops has landed at Marseilles, indicating, although the official figures have not been given out, that about two hundred and fifty thousand Russians have arrived there for participation in the western fighting. For the first time in many days there was no notable activity mentioned on the Verdun front. The German efforts for the present seem to be directed at the British line in Northern France and Belgium.

## WASHINGTON WILL PROBE TELEGRAMS

**Will Look Into Source of Telegrams to Congressmen on German Situation.**

[By Associated Press.]  
Washington, May 3.—The department of justice will probably make an investigation to uncover the influences responsible for the sending thousands of telegrams to congressmen urging that no action leading to war with Germany be taken. This is the result of a conference between President Wilson and Senator Huston who received numerous messages.

**PLEASED WITH ADS.**

**Hart Schaffner & Marx Pleased With Service Given By Eagle.**

The following letter to A. M. Waldrop & Co. is self-explanatory:  
Chicago, April 24, 1916.  
Messrs. A. M. Waldrop & Co.,  
Bryan, Texas.

Gentlemen:—  
We have two fine looking advertisements of yours before us, which appeared in The Bryan Daily Eagle latter part of March. You used them to open up your spring season. We like them particularly because of the small amount of type you have used, and the liberal amount of white space in the margin. Everything at these ads is just as fine as it could be. You are certainly fortunate in getting such excellent co-operation in your newspaper. Congratulations with best wishes for a big season. Sincerely,  
HART SCHAFFNER & MARX.

## MORE GARMENT WORKERS STRIKE

**Thirty Thousand More Went Out, Raising the Number to Sixty-five Thousand.**

[By Associated Press.]  
New York, May 3.—The number of garment worker strikers was increased today to sixty-five thousand when thirty thousand went on a sympathetic strike with those who had been locked out yesterday. Union officials estimated that three hundred thousand were affected.

**BUILDING RAZED.**

The Sebesta Building on Main Street, known as the old Higgs corner, was torn down today to make room for the splendid new two-story brick which Contractor Hubbard is erecting for Mr. Sebesta. This building was one of the old landmarks of Bryan and was built by the late Dr. J. P. Mitchell in the early seventies. It fell to his son, Claud Mitchell, in the division of the estate, and was sold by him to the late Thos. W. Higgs. In the division of his estate the building went to his son, Frank Higgs, and was sold by him two years ago to John Sebesta. The new building will be occupied by Mr. Sebesta as a business home.

**CREEK BOYS DEFEAT LEONARD.**

In a game of baseball last Sunday afternoon on the Leonard school diamond, the Creek boys defeated Leonard by a score of 5 to 0. The Leonard team played well but were outclassed all through the game. Batteries: Creek Boys—Glowsky and Boriskie, Leonard—Lather and Blazek.



ASTIN COMMISSARY WHERE MEN WERE BURNED.

## FOUR MEN WERE SERIOUSLY BURNED

**Caught By Exploding Oil When Commissary Burned On R. Q. Astin Farm.**

At an early hour this morning the commissary on the plantation of R. Q. Astin in the Brazos bottom was entirely destroyed by fire. Mr. Roy Montgomery, the plantation overseer, and three negroes, were badly burned

**STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.**

The Eagle was informed by phone today by John Tauber of near College, that the tailor shop of John Konecny, his son-in-law, at the entrance to the College campus, was struck by lightning during the rain early this morning. Mr. Konecny was

while coping with the flames. The commissary was discovered on fire and the men ran to it and made an effort to extinguish the flames, but were unsuccessful. There was a large container of oil in the building and it exploded while the men were moving it, and it was then they were burned.

Mr. Montgomery was hurried to the Bryan Hospital for treatment and the negroes were given medical attention at the plantation. While the men are seriously burned, it is not thought the injuries of any of them will be fatal. Mr. Astin estimates his loss at \$1500. The amount of insurance, if any, could not be ascertained today.

in the shop at the time, and, while badly shocked, was not seriously injured. He was sitting at his sewing machine and the needle on same was melted, and a lamp near him was broken, but outside of that, but little damage was done. It was a close call for Mr. Konecny, and an experience he will no doubt remember as long as he lives.

## MILITIA CALLED TO QUIET STRIKERS

**Coal Miners Strike in Pittsburg Region Is Accompanied by Serious Rioting.**

[By Associated Press.]  
Pittsburg, Pa., May 3.—A troop of cavalry from Harrisburg arrived on a special train at East Pittsburg today for duty in the Turtle Creek and Monongahela Valley strike districts. This is the first militia to reach the disturbed section. Interest in the strike was shifted to McKees-Rocks, where the employees of the Pressed Steel Car Company struck yesterday. More men struck today and it was said that the entire plant, employing ten thousand, would be closed this afternoon.

## TUBERCULOSIS WAS CHIEF DEATH CAUSE

**Statistics For Month Showed 325 Cases in State—Typhoid Fever Was Second.**

Austin, Texas, May 2.—Smallpox cases to the number of 387 were reported to the State Health Department for the month of March, according to the report of the State Board of Health just issued. During the same period 122 cases of diphtheria, 98 cases of tuberculosis, 87 cases of scarlet fever and 64 cases of typhoid fever were reported. During the month 325 deaths were reported from tuberculosis and 40 deaths were caused by typhoid fever. Deaths from smallpox were but 17 in number, diphtheria caused 19, and scarlet fever caused one death.

## U. S. MUNITIONS SALES ARE LARGE

**Supplies Valued at \$6,500,000 Leave American Ports For Europe Every Day.**

Washington, May 2.—Europe's purchases of war materials in the United States totaled \$340,000,000 at the end of the first 20 months of the war.

Figures assembled Monday in the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce show the heaviest month was March last, when more than \$50,000,000 worth of munitions left American ports. April totals have not been compiled.

Shipments of high explosive shells and shrapnel are crossing the Atlantic now at the rate of \$1,000,000 worth daily and vessels are carrying \$500,000 worth of powder a day. Fire arms and cartridges valued at more than \$5,000,000 went to Europe during March.

## HARVESTER COMPANY EMPLOYEES STRIKE

**McCormick Plant at Chicago Forced to Shut Down—Ten Out of Twelve Thousand Out.**

[By Associated Press.]  
Chicago, Ill., May 2.—The McCormick plant of the International Harvester Company was forced to shut down today, most of its seven thousand employees being on a strike. With the additional walkouts today it is estimated that ten thousand of the twelve thousand employees of the company are striking.



# DE FACTOS WOULD TAKE OVER VILLA PURSUIT

Such Will Be Obregon's Proposal at Conference With General Scott—Scott Will Maintain that Troops Remain in Mexico Until Border Menace from Bandits Is Finally Over.

(By Associated Press)  
El Paso, Texas, April 29.—It was indicated here today that the conference between Generals Obregon, Scott and Funston might not be held today but Sunday or Monday. Exchanges of courtesies occupied most of the time today. General Obregon at the conference will say that the defacto government is ready to take over the pursuit of Villa, protect the border and that the troops of the United States in Mexico should be recalled. Generals Scott and Funston will counter, it is understood, with the proposition that the American troops should be dispatched to certain sections of Northern Chihuahua to remain until the defacto government shows there is no longer a Villa bandit to menace the border states.

Delayed By Social Function.  
El Paso, Texas, April 29.—It is un-

likely that the Obregon-Scott-Funston conference will start before late this afternoon on account of the projected reception to the Mexican war minister and the prolonged social program set for this morning. As General Obregon has full power to act and is accompanied by the military governors of three border states, it is not believed the conference itself will be prolonged.

## Returned Without Villa.

(By Associated Press.)

Field Headquarters, Mexico, April 29 (By Wireless).—Colonel Dodd's cavalry column which for six days had been pursuing bandits under four leaders through the rocky defiles of the continental divide, is reported today to have returned to the base at Minaca. The band is said to be practically dispersed.

## COUNTY COMMITTEE HELD MEETING

Democratic Executive Committee  
Fixed Convention Dates and Places  
and Filled Vacancies.

A meeting of the democratic executive committee of the County of Brazos was called to order by E. W. Crenshaw, county chairman, at the court house in Bryan, Texas, at 2 o'clock p. m. on Thursday, April 27, 1918. Present: E. W. Crenshaw, chairman, and E. H. Astin, Jay Harris, I. M. Cook, Jim Tobias, John W. Beard, John Kosarek and J. W. Batts. J. W. Batts was elected secretary. The chairman asked for nominations to fill the places on the committee vacated by the deaths of R. R. Royal and C. A. Glenn.

W. P. Moore was nominated to fill the position of chairman of Precinct No. 4 and was elected unanimously. A. J. Tabor, Jr., was nominated to fill the position of chairman of Precinct No. 3 and was unanimously elected.

It was moved and carried that the chairmen of all the precincts in the county, except Precinct No. 10, in which precinct O. S. Johnson shall act, shall call precinct conventions to be held at 2 o'clock p. m. on May 6, 1918, to elect delegates to the county convention to be held in Bryan, Texas, on May 9, 1918, and that said precinct conventions shall be held at the following places:

Precinct No. 1 to be held at Millican.  
Precinct No. 2 to be held at Wellborn.  
Precinct No. 3 to be held at Bohemian Hall.  
Precinct No. 4 to be held at Steele's Store.  
Precinct No. 5 to be held at Harvey school house.  
Precinct No. 6 to be held at Kurten school house.  
Precinct No. 7 to be held at Cottonwood school house.  
Precinct No. 8 to be held at Edge.  
Precinct No. 9 to be held at Woodman Hall.  
Precinct No. 10 to be held at City Hall in Bryan.  
Precinct No. 11 to be held at court house.

The meeting then adjourned until May 9, 1918, at 1:30 p. m.  
E. W. CRENSHAW,  
County Chairman.

## FT. WORTH BANKER KILLED HIMSELF

Rash Act Was Attributed to a  
Long and Incurable  
Illness.

(By Associated Press)  
Fort Worth, Texas, April 29.—William C. Newby, aged 58, president of the American National Bank, killed himself at his home this morning, using a shotgun. A long and incurable illness was given as the cause.

## PROF. C. M. BETHANY IS OUT OF RACE

Withdraws From the Race For the  
Office of County Superintendent  
of Brazos County.

To the Patrons and Teachers of  
Brazos County Schools:

After making a preliminary canvass and looking carefully into the various features of the campaign, I have decided to retire from the race for county superintendent. That my friends may know I have not reached this conclusion hastily or without due consideration, I beg them to consider the following deductions.

First: With four candidates in the field, it would be possible for a plurality of perhaps one-third of the voters to select the superintendent. I confidently believe I would receive a plurality, but it would place me in a situation that I do not court—that of holding a position in the face of the indicated opposition of a majority of the people. My withdrawal will increase the plurality of the winning candidate and make it possible for him to receive a majority.

In the second place; I find a number of representative men in the rural districts who voice the opinion that the superintendent should be selected from among the teachers who are working in those districts, and that he should not receive his office because of the friendship of the voters who live in the City of Bryan. I believe these men are conscientious, and I respect their views. As I teach in the independent district of Bryan and would probably receive the major portion of my support from the Bryan and College people, my election would give cause for dissatisfaction among those who adhere to that idea.

Again; if I should continue in the race, it would mean the setting aside of a tenet I have lived by ever since I entered the profession. I have never applied for any position except in case of a vacancy—that is, the retirement of the incumbent. Mr. Parker wrote me early in January that he would not be a candidate, and my announcement was made accordingly. Since that time Mr. Parker has resigned and Mr. Williams has been appointed to fill out the unexpired term. The candidacy of Mr. Williams to succeed himself eliminates one of the conditions on which I entered the race and has been a potent factor in leading me to the conclusion I have reached.

Believing, for these reasons, that my retirement will do more to promote harmony and to maintain the ideals for which I stand than my continued candidacy would do, I have asked that my name be withdrawn from the list. This was not done without a pang of disappointment—if I am permitted to confess. I should be glad to make the race and likewise glad to serve as superintendent if conditions and indications had developed as favorable as they were when I announced.

I would be an ingrate if I failed to give some expression to the feeling I have for those who have favored me with their confidence. To the county trustees and the large number of the district trustees, principals, teachers and patrons, I am profoundly grateful for the compliment they paid me in receiving my candidacy so enthusiastically. I trust they will agree with me in the convictions I have and will not believe me disloyal to their friendship.

I shall try to fulfill all the engagements my friends have made for me and shall be glad to respond at all times where I might say or do something for the development of any educational interests in the county.

Sincerely trusting that the results of this campaign will bring the greatest good to the schools of the county, I am

Very respectfully,  
C. M. BETHANY.  
Bryan, Texas, April 25, 1918.

## TO GET MORE THAN GOVERNOR.

New President of University to Have  
Salary of \$6000.

Austin, Texas, April 28.—A salary of \$6000 per annum will be paid Dr. R. E. Vinson, the newly elected president of the University of Texas, which is an increase of \$1000 over the salary heretofore paid. This is \$2000 more than is paid the governor, as the chief executive of the State of Texas receives \$4000 per year. His salary can not be increased except by the adoption of a constitutional amendment. The salary of the president of the university is not restricted by any constitutional provision, hence the regents fix it. Several attempts have been made to increase the governor's salary. The sum desired is \$10,000 per annum, which is also said to be the figure which should be paid the university head.

## GEN. PERSHING HAS LARGE SUPPLIES

Columbus, N. M., April 28.—Whatever developments in the Mexican situation may be, it is certain that General J. J. Pershing's expeditionary command will be well prepared so far as food and equipment is concerned. During the lull in operations nine motor truck companies have kept busy carrying supplies to the army in Mexico and now, it was stated Thursday, every detachment of the command is rationed at least a month ahead and has enough armament and clothing for any emergency.

Truck men arriving here yesterday told of being ambushed by a roving band of about fifteen marauders in a canyon near Satevo several days ago. The truck men and their soldier guards took positions behind the steel wheels of the cars and returned the fire, routing the Mexicans and capturing two of their number, according to the story. Other truck men said that snipers' bullets had struck their machines on the trip north, but that they had been unable to locate the source of the firing.

Some speculation was expressed as to the result of the failure to arrive of prisoners reported to be on the way to Columbus. It was assumed, however, that most of these are being held at various bases that the American military authorities may quiz them thoroughly. A report reaching here said that four prisoners held at Casas Grandes were shot several days ago in an attempt to escape, but it could not be confirmed at military headquarters.

While no new reports were received concerning the movements of Colonel George A. Dodd's command after its victory over Villa bandits at Tomachic several days ago, tactical experts here believe that after a short stop at the Minaca base to obtain supplies the cavalrymen again took up the pursuit of the band. The bandits, numbering more than the Americans, were last reported in the mountain wilderness east of Minaca, and military men here admitted that they would not be surprised to hear of a second engagement.

## SIEGE OF KUTEL-AMARA ENDED IN SURRENDER

The Long Beleaguered Forces of General Townsend at Kutel-Amara Were Finally Forced to Surrender to the Turks—Fierce Fighting Continues in the Streets of Dublin, Where a Revolt Is in Progress, and Parts of the City Are in Flames—It Was Planned for Cork to Revolt at the Same Time With Dublin, but the Plans Miscarried—Fierce Fighting at Verdun and the French Claim the Advantage—British Losses in April Were 1,200 Officers and 19,000 Men.

(By Associated Press.)

London, April 29.—(Sub flash).—Major General Charles Townsend, commander of the British forces beleaguered at Kutel-Amara, Mesopotamia, by Turkish forces since last December, has surrendered. This information was contained in the British official statement today.

The official statement adds that General Townsend destroyed all guns and munitions before surrendering. He probably surrendered to avoid the starvation of his forces, which unofficial estimates placed at fifty thousand, mostly Indian troops. Probably his force was smaller than this, as he has suffered heavy losses in the severe battles with the Turks. . . .

## DUBLIN IN FLAMES.

(By Associated Press)

London, April 29.—(Bulletin).—Parts of Dublin are in flames, says the evening news dispatches filed at Belfast last night. Street fighting continues and there is much looting. It is said, but the reinforced military is making steady progress against the rebels. Most of the shops are closed and passenger communication is cut off.

Ireland dispatches this afternoon say Sackville and Grafton streets are

in flames and artillery is being used on houses from which the inhabitants have been removed.

## War Summary.

(By Associated Press.)

London, April 29.—In the Verdun region the Germans resumed the aggressive, delivering a vigorous attack in the vicinity of Thiamont farm east of the Meuse near Douaumont, and are massing for an assault after violently bombarding the French positions near Avecourt. The Thiamont attack was repulsed with heavy losses, Paris claims, while the French artillery dispersed the German masses before they could advance in the Avecourt section. The British casualties in April were twelve hundred officers and nineteen thousand men, slightly in excess of March.

## Plans Miscarried.

(By Associated Press.)

London, April 29.—The Times publishes an eye-witness account of the Dublin rioting in which a Sinn Féin leader is quoted as saying that it was planned to uprise simultaneously in Cork with Dublin, but the plans miscarried. He said civilians were unmolested and mostly blank cartridges were fired.

# Insure Your Crops

By Using Star Brand  
High-Grade Fertilizer

Made in Brazos County  
for Brazos County Soils

# Bryan Cotton Oil & Fertilizer Co.

A Home Institution

## THAT GOOD OLD CIRCUS BAND.

In the May American Magazine is a story by Henry Wallace Phillips in which he says:

"You take a circus band; they don't go piking along—one, two, three—every man with his little note, right there like a gold-darned steam engine. No, sir! The circus band is there to make a joyful noise, and it does. If one feller happens to be a trifle late or early with his contribution, nobody looks scornful at him. He's a good fellow, just the same; so long as his wind holds out."

## FIRE ALARM TODAY.

Sparks from a burning flue set fire to the barn of Rev. C. T. Tally this morning, but the fire was extinguished with very little damage to property.



Prince Albert will show you the real road to smoke-joy!



Copyright 1916 by R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.

PRINCE ALBERT was made to create tobacco content where it never existed before! It permits men to smoke *all they want* without getting a sore tongue, without any comeback but real tobacco enjoyment! The patented process by which Prince Albert is made (and controlled exclusively by us) fixes that—and *cuts out* bite and parch!

## PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

comes right to your taste fair and square! And it will do for you what it has done for thousands of men—make pipe or cigarette smoking the cheerfulness of your pleasures!

Prince Albert is to be had everywhere tobacco is sold in tippy red bags, 5c; tidy red tins, 10c; handsome pound and half-pound tin humidors—and in that classy pound crystal-glass humidor with sponge-moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such fine shape—always!

What we tell you about Prince Albert is a fact that will prove out to your satisfaction just as quickly as you lay in a stock and fire-up!

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.



On the reverse side of this tidy red tin you will read: "Process Patented July 30th, 1907," which has made three men smoke pipes where one smoked before!

and give alms to the poor. Later the early Christians, our Anglo-Saxon ancestors, saw the fitness of the custom as applied to the resurrection of nature and borrowed it and called it Easter, and also had a festival of rejoicing on Easter Sunday, lasting for two or three days, but applied the meaning to the resurrection of our Savior, and would salute one another with "He is risen." The one saluted would reply, "He is risen indeed," a salutation calculated to remind one of the sacredness of the day.

It would be well for us to revert somewhat to their religious meaning, as I fear there are many today who connect chrysalis and the lily bulb as symbols. Haven't you children ever wondered why we have Easter eggs? Well, it is because it is so symbolic of the resurrected body. The egg is a lifeless looking thing until hidden for a season under the mother hen, when it comes forth a thing of beauty and life in the shape of a downy chick, so much more beautiful than the egg. Again the chrysalis is a rough, unsightly looking thing until nature has nurtured it and behold, from its dead looking shell comes a gorgeous and beautiful butterfly. It is said the Egyptians carved the butterflies on their tombs. Then take the lily bulb: There is no beauty to it, but bury it for a season in the earth and see what comes of it—first the green stalk, then the flower bud, until finally there is a snowy glistening flower with golden streamers, so pure, so beautiful and so grand; so truly no meaning of the word, further than to think of it as a fine opportunity to display a beautiful Easter suit or hat.

I repeat, let us reflect more on the old custom of rejoicing for the sake of its true meaning, the resurrection of our Lord and beloved dead; for did not Paul say to the Corinthians, "If Christ be not risen, then is our preaching in vain and your faith is vain." But as in Adam all die, so in Christ shall all be made alive, for Christ has risen and become the first fruits of them that slept. So we, too, shall rise again, rid of all our imperfections, and made perfect in the image of Christ.

Now a few words in explanation of symbols used to represent the resurrection. For ages the ancients used the egg, the emblem of our risen Lord. So let us rejoice on this happy Easter morn that old winter, with its chilling blasts, is gone. The birds are singing their happy carols and all nature is bursting forth in all its tender

beauty. The distant hills look grand in their fresh shades of green, the earth is carpeted with brilliant flowers of many hues, and best of all, our Lord has risen and lives forever to sympathize with us in our troubles, and our loved ones, too, have burst the bonds of death and have risen to a more glorious life, with all sins forgiven and all imperfections removed are now rejoicing with their risen Lord in the mansions prepared for such as love the Lord.

Amen and amen.

### EASTER EGG HUNT.

Miss Delores Thibadeaux treated her pupils to an Easter egg hunt last Friday afternoon from 2 to 6 p. m. at the home of Mrs. J. C. Davidson. One of the little fellows thought that was way they were given a holiday. There were about thirty-eight guests and about as happy a set as ever met. After singing America and a few more songs they scampered down to a pretty strip of woods close by, where the eggs had been hidden by a few of the larger girls. The eggs had been contributed mostly by the parents and were certainly a beautiful collection. Little Marie Graham actually hand-painted pictures on all of her contribution. After the hunt was over they were all regaled with lemonade and cake, after which they played games until 6 o'clock, when they reluctantly left for their homes, declaring they had had a very delightful time.

### INTERESTING EXERCISES.

Easter Services at Bright Light Church April 23.

Our Easter service was a grand success. A few ladies and little girls met on Saturday and decorated the church very prettily for the occasion. Back of the pulpit stand was a motto eight feet long in green letters, "I Am the Resurrection and the Life." This was framed in English ivy. The pulpit stand was draped with ivy and held a vase of crimson roses, while the table in front was covered with a snowy art cloth of elaborate Mexican drawnwork and on it was placed a bowl of pure white dainty flowers, while two crimson poppies were laid carelessly on each side, and underneath was banked with ivy and bright annuals. The organ was also decorated with pink and white roses. The songs were all new and appropriate for the occasion, and the little children did so well, both in songs and

recitations, enunciating so clearly that anyone could understand them, doing credit to the patient training of Miss Dolores Thibadeaux, who had them in charge. The two quartettes sung by Messrs. Clyde Geon, Chester Jones, Nall Graham and Mr. Peters deserve special mention, especially the one, "Get in the Battle Line." The duet, "Star of the East," by Misses Winnie Graham and Mae Bird Blanton was beautifully rendered. The talk by Mrs. J. C. Davidson on Easter and its true meaning was clear and comprehensive; and so the whole program was interesting, we hope, to all who heard it—and we had quite a large assembly, considering there was also an Easter program at Steep Hollow with dinner on the ground.

An Eye Witness.

### SAY REBELS ARE SURRENDERING

Official Statement in London Claimed the Leaders Were Prisoners.

London, May 1.—An official statement issued last night by the official press bureau regarding the rebellion in Ireland says:

"The rebels are surrendering freely. The back of the rebellion has been broken."

Messengers have been sent from the leader of the Dublin rebels to other rebels in Galway, Clare, Wexford, Louth and Dublin counties ordering them to surrender.

"Seven hundred and seven prisoners have been taken, including the Countess Markievicz."

### WISE AND OTHERWISE.

We are inclined to believe that the John Alden and Priscilla story is a love myth, as no one ever saw a Yankee who wouldn't speak for himself.—Washington Post.

The wife of a Chicago "interior decorator" has filed suit for divorce, charging him with "continual sprees. We infer that he was largely a decorator of his own interior in a liquid sort of way.—Chicago Herald.

God enters by a private door to every individual.—Emerson.

The fault is not in the stars, but in ourselves, that we are underlings.—Shakespeare.

He who owns the soil, owns up to the sky.—Law Maxim.

### Easter.

(By Mrs. J. C. Davidson.)

The word Easter was originally Eostre, a Greek word, and was the name of their Goddess of Spring, for as we all know the ancient Greeks had a god or goddess for every department of nature. So when they thought spring was fully established they held an annual feast to this god-

dess, which lasted a week. It was a movable feast, and was and is governed by the moon, and always comes on the first Sunday after the first full moon after the 21st of March, consequently can never occur earlier than the 22nd of March, nor later than the 23rd of April and will not appear as late again in 46 years, so say the astrologers. Those Grecians must

have studied nature carefully to know when to set Easter day, as we all know by experience that we are never free from killing frosts nor blasting winds until this goddess has arrived and touched the sleeping earth with her magic wand.

On these celebrations the people were filled with good will to one another and would exchange presents

# THE EAGLE

**DESIRE**s to be as close as possible to the people of the Rural Districts, and also to be of the greatest interest to them. To this end we ask for a live Correspondent from every neighborhood in the county not now represented. Neighborhood news is of interest to the people and **THE EAGLE** hopes to make it possible for our subscribers to

## READ A LETTER EACH WEEK

from every section of the county . . . Stationery furnished and paper sent Free to Correspondents . . . If you would like to represent us, drop a card to

# THE EAGLE



# The Bryan Eagle

By THE EAGLE PRINTING CO.

Entered at the Postoffice at Bryan, Texas, as Second-class Mail Matter.

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## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The Eagle is authorized to make the following announcements, subject to the action of the July democratic primary:

FOR CONGRESS, SIXTH DISTRICT:  
RUFUS HARDY.  
(of Navarro County.)

FOR DISTRICT JUDGE:  
JUDGE JOHN WATSON.  
(of Cameron.)

FOR COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT:  
PROF. W. L. POWERS.  
E. R. WILLIAMS, A. M., M. Acc.  
PROF. NOAH COLE.

FOR COMMISSIONER PREC. NO. 4:  
CLAUD A. BUCHANAN.  
C. P. (Clum) FOSTER.  
JESSE H. GAMMON.  
CHARLEY PALERMO.

FOR COUNTY CLERK:  
HORACE O. FERGUSON.  
WILL S. HIGGS.

FOR COMMISSIONER PREC. NO. 3:  
CHARLEY DISTEFANO.

FOR CONSTABLE PRECINCT NO. 4:  
J. R. MOON.  
C. L. BAKER.

FOR COMMISSIONER PREC. NO. 1:  
BEN MOORE.  
L. B. SIMPSON.  
J. M. ATKINS.

FOR COUNTY JUDGE:  
L. D. MCGEE.  
J. T. MALONEY.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE  
PRECINCT NO. 4:  
M. R. PHILLIPS.  
W. W. GAINER.  
J. J. RAY.

FOR COMMISSIONER PREC. NO. 2:  
M. B. EASTERS.  
WM. MANTHEL.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR:  
JOHN W. HAMILTON.  
J. SIDNEY SMITH.

FOR LEGISLATURE, 22D DISTRICT:  
O. DAVIS.  
(Anderson, Texas.)

FOR STATE SENATOR, 12TH DIST.:  
E. A. DECHERD, JR.  
(of Franklin.)  
HON. N. P. HOUX.  
(of Mexia.)

FOR COUNTY TREASURER:  
J. B. PRIDDY.

FOR SHERIFF:  
T. C. NUNN.

## COLQUITT DEFENDS COURSE.

Former Governor Colquitt and candidate for the United States senate, denounces the efforts of the New York World to connect him with a conspiracy to create pro-German sentiment in this country, as a libel pure and simple. He charges that the Dallas-Galveston News is the only paper in the State allowing itself to be used to circulate this libel. In defense of his course Mr. Colquitt says:

"A. G. Koelble and Bernard Ridder are both native-born Americans and lifelong democrats. Mr. Koelble is, or was for a long time, the Tammany democratic leader in his district, and Herman Ridder, the father of Bernard Ridder, was for many years treasurer of the national democratic executive committee, and his paper gave the democratic ticket strong and effective support in presidential campaigns. Mr. Ridder seems to have been induced by someone to write to Texas in behalf of the candidacy of one of my opponents. I shall not consume any unnecessary space to argue that it was entirely proper for me to write my friends concerning this support. Most of the editors of the German papers in Texas were personally known to me, and most of them I knew to be beyond the effort of any one to influence them against their judgment and convictions.

"But why should there be such an effort to create a prejudice in this country against those of our citizens of German blood? Are they not among our best and most law-abiding people? Have they not always responded to the call of this country when it needed soldiers to defend it? I believe they would answer the call of their country again. I know they would. But can they be blamed for

sympathizing with their relatives across the water? Is the News entirely free from prejudice itself on account of kindred blood across the sea? Are not the two men who control the policy of the News foreign-born? Was not one of them born a Swiss subject? Was not another of the controlling managers of the News born a British subject? The News is a great newspaper, but why not be fair in this matter? I denounce as a libel the intimations that I would go into a conspiracy to defeat the democratic nominee for president; I have not agreed with the president on the Mexican question and some other matters, but I have already, in a public communication months ago, shown that in most of the matters of disagreement the administration, by the course of events, has adopted a course very much in line with my own views at the time I expressed disagreements with it.

"Then, as the News has published the letters referred to, I want to ask if it agrees with the methods adopted to obtain them by the New York World for publication? On unquestionable authority, I am advised they were stolen, either with the knowledge of the World, before or after the theft. Does the News not recall that the stenographer who stole letters from Harriman's office was convicted and given a term in prison for theft? Does the News justify these methods to secure the basis for sensational stories for political effect against a large element of our citizenship and publish the stories themselves with the hope of injuring me? For the information of the News, I wish to say that my files containing political correspondence that is of general public interest are always open to the press.

"You have put all your New York stuff on your front page, with big headlines. Will you give this like position and prominence in your paper?"

"O. B. COLQUITT."

Dallas, Texas, April 27.

## HOW THE RUSSIAN TROOPS CAME TO FRANCE.

Since announcement was made some weeks ago of the arrival of the first contingent of Russian troops in France, it has been a matter of much interest to know just how they got there and the route they traveled. The following comment on the matter by the Galveston News, is of much interest and especially to all who have a fondness for matters pertaining to geography:

"The arrival of a second contingent of Russian troops in France has increased the great and general interest excited by the first arrivals. While many guesses have been made, it seems that nobody outside of French army circles really knows just how many ships have arrived or how many Russian soldiers have landed. Aside from the German claim that only 5000 troops landed the first time, the only direct reference to the subject of numbers is found in a news item from Marseilles which notes that it 'was intimated in dispatches that possibly a quarter of a million men would be sent this spring from Russia to France, as Russia has more men under training than she can use on her fighting lines, and it is easier to equip them in France than in Russia.'

"The mystery as to the number of troops being brought in is increased by want of knowledge as to the fleets, or of the course of the voyage. There has been published a map bearing a line of explanation which says that, while 'no official statement of the course of the voyage has been made, it is virtually certain that the fleet of transports passed westward of England to avoid the large number of German submarines that are constantly operating in the North Sea and the English Channel waters.' Unless this intimation is a mere assumption or speculation as to the route over which the transports came, it is possible a tip sent forth by French officials to deceive and mislead the enemy, and it is at least possible that the voyage did not begin at Archangel at all. This port is generally icebound later than this, and a voyage thence to France would be in a large part through the danger zone, beset by the enemy. It came by a different route. They may not have come on Russian vessels at all. It is even probable that a part of the long journey was made on land, unless it is possible for this fleet to have slipped out through the Baltic.

"One route is through Vladivostok. It is a long, long way to Vladivostok, but the Russians have a railroad all the way, and no interference with the trains. Just what sort of transports they found awaiting them in Victoria Bay is not known, but it is thence an all-water route around Korea, around China, around India and Arabia, up through the Red Sea into the Mediterranean.

Or possibly these welcome arrivals crossed the Caucasus Mountains and

came down to the Persian Gulf, where transports waited to carry them around through the Gulf of Aden into the Red Sea.

"All this is speculation, but not beyond the limits of reasonable speculation; and the highly interesting incident justifies fully the curiosity and wide appreciation which it has excited."

## WHAT YOUR FACE TELLS.

Did you ever study the faces of the people you meet? Some are happy, some sad, some joyful, some gloomy, some a ray of sunshine, some a tragedy. Their varying moods, their lights and shadows affect us accordingly and we take on, all unconsciously, the feelings of those about us portrayed in their faces. The following on this subject from the Waco Times-Herald is of more than passing interest:

"Somewhere I have read a little story of St. Francis of Assisi, who invited a brother religious to go to the city with him to preach to the people, writes Orison Swett Marden in May Nautilus. After they had traveled through the streets for a long time, turning this way and that, the brother remonstrated with his companion: 'Why,' he said, 'I thought we were going to preach.' 'We have been preaching,' replied Francis. 'Our very walk through the streets has been a sermon to every person we met. Our manner, our demeanor, our dress, everything about us incidentally turned the thoughts of those people toward God.' How true it is that 'the gods we worship write their names on our faces.' We gradually come to resemble our ideals, the things which most occupy our minds. Hope or fear, joy or sorrow, success or failure eventually reproduces itself in our expression of countenance, in our manner, in our atmosphere, in our personality. The thoughts we habitually harbor, whether optimistic or pessimistic, hopeful or despairing, sad or merry, will write their record in our faces, exactly in accordance with their nature. We are all preachers of sermons. Our faces as we go about the world are preaching the gospel of good cheer, of hope, of joy and gladness, of success or that of pessimism, despair, of disappointment, of misery, of failure."

## MOTHER KNOWS.

Little lad, it still holds true—  
Mother knows what's best for you!  
Often in the years agone  
You have heard her "put this on,"  
Or her gentle word of law  
When your heart rebelled with awe,  
And you faced her, angry-blue—  
Mother knows what's best for you!

Wouldn't let you go and play,  
Fish or swim or romp away  
With the comrades whistling there  
'Neath the windows; while your hair  
Stood on end in wrath that she  
Wouldn't let you go and be  
Happy as those fellows seemed  
Out there where the sunshine  
gleamed.

Ah, through all the years that speed  
Lives forevermore that creed;  
If we'd listen, if we'd wait,  
If we'd know 'twas love, not hate,  
Bade her ring the caution true—  
Through the years' unbroken chime  
Of the past and present time—  
Mother knows what's best for you!  
—Baltimore Sun.

The New York World publishes an interview with A. G. Koelble, Mr. Colquitt's friend in New York, in which he says he offered his assistance to Mr. Colquitt because he was against Wilson and prohibition. Mr. Koelble further said the German-American vote will be solid against Wilson congressmen, senators and representatives.

Between the New York interference and the Dr. Barton elimination, it would appear to an outsider that Texas voters are not qualified to elect a United States Senator without assistance.

The city council has passed an ordinance making it a misdemeanor to break, deface or damage any of the city's ornamental or other light poles. Our auto drivers will now have to sit steady at the wheel.

Our ambassador to Turkey has resigned and is coming home. If Turkish cooking tastes like the Turks look, we don't blame him.

It begins to look, if Teddy is to get the nomination, that he will have to do some "crown of thorning."

It is a debatable question as to which will gain the ascendancy, the ice man or the coal man.

The weather man has pied the whole thing.

## FOR COMMISSIONER.

Charley Palermo is a candidate for commissioner of Precinct No. 4, subject to the July democratic primary, and had his announcement to this effect inserted in The Eagle several days ago. With reference to his candidacy he makes the following announcement:

I was born in Louisiana but came to Brazos County when a child, 24 years ago, my parents settling three miles north of Bryan. In 1899 I moved into Bryan and entered business in a small way and have added to it from time to time along different lines.

I announce to the public that if I am elected I will be prompt and punctual in all my duties, be careful with the county's every interest and never spend one dollar of the people's money unless it is necessary and there is no other way out of it. I also propose that when a dollar is spent to get a full dollar's worth of value for it. I will try to take care of the interests of the public and the county the same as I do my own.

A great many of the voters know how I conduct my own business and if I am elected, I will render the same service to the county that I do for myself. Promptness, economy, service, will be my motto. I will appreciate the support of all.

CHARLEY PALERMO.

## WATER.

Drink it.  
And eat it.  
You need it.  
Foods prove it.  
Cabbage is 89 per cent water.  
Mushrooms are 90 per cent water.  
Asparagus is 89-90 per cent water.  
Cauliflower is 90-91 per cent water.  
Tomatoes contain 80-81 per cent water.  
Delicious celery is 93-94 per cent water.  
Cucumbers are a matter of 96-97 per cent water.  
Spinach is 90 per cent water and radishes 90.8.  
Even our good old friend, the potato, is 75 per cent water.  
On the other hand, peas are 8.3; lentils, 12.5; while beans are 14 per cent water.  
Even the solid earth is three-quarters water.

# ENGINEER ADAMS GIVEN AN HONOR

Appointed on Committee of Sewerage and Sanitation of Texas Municipalities League.

City Engineer A. S. Adams of Bryan has been honored by appointment to membership on the Committee on Sewerage and Sanitation, League of Texas Municipalities. The following correspondence relative to same is self-explanatory:

Paris, Texas, April 25, 1916.

Mr. A. S. Adams,  
Bryan, Texas.

My Dear Sir:

I have the pleasure of informing you that you have been appointed to serve on the Committee on Sewerage and Sanitation of the League of Texas Municipalities. The purpose of this committee is to prepare and submit to the league, at its next annual convention at Hillsboro next November, a report on the subject of sewerage and sanitation.

Mr. E. E. Sands, city engineer of Houston, is chairman of this committee, and a full list of the membership thereof is published in the April number of Texas Municipalities, which is being mailed from Austin.

The duties that will fall to you as a member of the committee are very light, and we trust that you will by all means accept the honor that has been conferred upon you. Please indicate your acceptance, on the enclosed card, to Dr. James, at Austin.

Very cordially yours,  
ED H. MCUISTON,  
President.

Houston, Texas, April 29, 1916.

Mr. A. S. Adams, City Engineer,  
Bryan, Texas.

Dear Sir:

I am notified by the president of the League of Texas Municipalities that you are a member of the Committee on Sewerage and Sanitation, and he has informed me that I have been appointed chairman of the committee. He has asked that this committee have a report on the subject of Sewerage and Sanitation to present at the Hillsboro convention to be held next November.

Will you be kind enough to let me hear from you in the near future along the following lines:

1st. An outline of such a report as you think should be submitted.  
2nd. Any data on any particular

part of this report that you wish to have submitted.

I will attempt to compile the report here prior to the time we go to Hillsboro if I can get the data from you.

Yours very truly,  
E. E. SANDS.

MRS. J. T. LEATHERS.

The earth is much poorer and heaven vastly richer by reason of the fact that Mrs. Donie Leathers, wife of J. T. Leathers, has gone to her reward in the home beyond.

Measured from any angle, Sister Leathers was a great and good woman, and whatever we might say of her good qualities we could not tell them all. We will not say she was the best woman in the Edge community, but will say there was none better. She loved her home, her church, her husband and family and friends, and every one, young and old, in return loved and respected her.

Sister Leathers was born October 3, 1844, in Tennessee, and on December 6, 1866, was married to J. T. Leathers and in 1877 they came to Texas and have lived in Brazos County continually since, with the exception of four years.

She is survived by three daughters, Mrs. F. M. Wallace of Normangee, Mrs. Sam Seale of Benchly and Mrs. Tom C. Elliott of Edge, and her dear old husband, whom every one loves and respects.

Sister Leathers has been a member of the Methodist Church from childhood. She died at her home near Edge, April 21, at 5 o'clock and was laid to rest at Alexander April 22. Brother J. F. Garrett of Wheelock conducted the funeral service.

T. W. BEARD.

## SOME HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

Vinegar will keep the hands white and smooth and prevent chapping. Rub the vinegar on the hands after washing them and before they are quite dry.

Unpleasant Odors—A good way to keep the cellar or dairy from having an unpleasant odor is to whitewash the walls with lime that contains carbolic acid. One ounce of carbolic acid to a gallon of whitewash is the proper proportion.

When stitching chiffon or any such material on the machine use the finest possible thread, and put a strip of thin paper under the goods and stitch them together. The paper can be torn away when the work is finished.

# Breed To The Best

The following stallions owned by the Animal Husbandry Department of the A. and M. College will stand for service this season. These stallions are model representatives of their breeds.

## Flowerdale Pickett 60410

by General Pickett by Arion, out of Lilly Launcelot by Launcelot. A beautiful bay trotting stallion.

## Owenton 20087

by Owas, out of Georgia Kinney. A handsome chestnut thoroughbred stallion.

## Westside Certain 104049

An excellent dark gray Percheron stallion.

These stallions will make the season at the Animal Husbandry barn at College in charge of Wm. Sim. Fee \$20.00 to insure.

Every precaution will be taken against accidents to mares, but in case accidents occur, they will be at mare owner's risk. For further information

PHONE 36.

# College Exchange



## LOCALS

## THURSDAY.

George Walker was in town today from the Walker settlement.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Jones were visitors to the city this forenoon from their home near College.

F. W. Lock of Cottonwood was in the city today.

Cliff Martin was in the city today from Cottonwood.

Uncle John McCallum was in today from Tabor.

J. H. Harris of the Harris School community was in the city today.

Herman Wehrman was in the city today from Smetana.

Wm. Manthel of Kurten was in the city today.

Jim Tobias and daughter, Miss Edith, of Kurten, were visitors to the city today.

Joe Kaplan and family moved today to their home recently purchased on Ursuline Avenue. Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Mendlovitz will occupy the cottage on West Caldwell Street vacated by Mr. Kaplan and family.

Joe Noto was engaged today moving his saloon into the temporary building recently erected adjoining his present location.

Mrs. L. H. Sage of Galveston arrived on the 1:30 train for a visit to her sister, Mrs. W. E. Burk.

Mrs. Ernest Moore returned to her home in Texarkana today after a pleasant visit to relatives in this city.

Mrs. Dora Higgs returned to her home in Austin today after visiting relatives in this city.

Mrs. H. B. Smith left yesterday for her home in Detroit, after a visit to her sister, Mrs. Howard Eaves.

Miss Addie Walthall left today for a visit to relatives in Taylor.

Miss Erin Blatherwick and Master Joseph Maloney left today for a visit to relatives in San Antonio.

L. M. Hewitt of Navasota spent a few hours in the city yesterday.

Mrs. H. T. Lamler left yesterday for a visit to her grandmother in New Orleans.

Jim Cobb left yesterday for a short visit to friends in Hempstead.

E. L. McGuire returned yesterday from a few days' visit to San Antonio.

Oscar Park of Dallas is here for a few days' visit to his parents.

Mr. Dougald McDougald has undergone an operation for appendicitis at Fountain's Sanitarium and his friends are glad to hear that he is doing nicely.

H. L. McKnight left today for a trip to San Saba, Llano and Tarrant counties in the interest of the extension service of the College. He will be away until May 7.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe R. Tatman left today for Hillsboro, their future home. J. O. Tucker returned today from a visit to Houston.

Miss Willie McDougald and Mrs. Lizzie Wilcox returned from Navasota today, where they have been attending the Brazos Presbyterian.

J. T. Swanson was in the city today from Navasota.

Mrs. F. L. Sheeks of Beaumont, who attended the Arneson-Park wedding, left this afternoon for a visit to relatives in Sherman.

Mrs. W. H. Vacca returned to her home in Mexia today after attending the Arneson-Park nuptials.

Miss Gay Prendergast returned to her home in Mexia today after visiting Mrs. P. S. Park.

F. I. Sheeks, general agent for the Southern Pacific, returned to his home in Beaumont after a brief visit in Bryan.

Mrs. J. T. Stevens and Mrs. C. M. Alderman returned to their home in Mexia today after visiting Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Park.

W. H. Peyton was a visitor to the city today from Benchly.

Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Williams were shopping in the city today from Coleview.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Higgs were in the city today from the Bottom.

Miss Della Edge of Cottonwood is visiting friends in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Carroll were visitors to the city today from Harvey.

Prof. J. L. Cobb of Tabor was in the city today.

## FRIDAY.

Miss Della Edge has returned to her home at Harris School after a pleasant visit to friends and relatives in this city.

John Kosarek was in the city today from Riverside.

Allen T. Dyass and J. W. Hawthorn were visitors to the city today from Harvey.

J. M. Cox of Macy was trading in the city today.

John Putz was in the city today from Shiloh.

Mrs. W. J. Lang, Jr., Mrs. R. M. Easters, Mrs. M. B. Easters and daughter, Miss Carrie, J. P. Gilpin and daughter, Miss Evie, were visitors to the city today from Kurten.

V. C. McDonald and Albert Scott of Edge motored to Bryan today in Mr. McDonald's new Overland, recently purchased from D. D. White.

Mrs. J. Lloyd and daughter, Miss Thelma, of Kurten, were shopping in the city today.

Mrs. R. D. Walker left today for Waco to attend Toby's Business College.

H. Marwill left today for Little Rock, Ark., as a delegate from the Seventh District to the I. O. B. B. convention.

Johnnie Preston was a visitor to the city yesterday.

Mrs. D. S. Schenck left today for her home in La Jara, Col., after visiting relatives in this city.

Miss Annie Mae Locke returned today after an extended visit to relatives in Silsbee.

Mrs. W. E. Terrell of Teague is visiting Mrs. W. R. Sanders. Mrs. Terrell was formerly Miss Katie Nowlin and has many friends in Bryan.

Mrs. Schultz was called to Beaumont yesterday afternoon on account of the death of her uncle, Gordon Seaman. Mr. Seaman was a former resident of Bryan.

Judge and Mrs. J. T. Maloney returned yesterday afternoon from Austin.

G. H. Echols was in the city today from Rosprim.

Dr. J. Zulch of Madison County was a visitor to Bryan today.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Elliott motored in today from Parker's Store, in their new Hupmobile.

The pastors of the various churches of Bryan and Evangelist Smith were the guests of the Bryan Baptist Academy at dinner today.

D. D. White has returned from a business trip to Houston.

The Western Union Telegraph Company is installing electric clocks in several of the business houses of the city. These clocks are electrically wound and are electrically set every day at 11 o'clock a. m., and are therefore kept at absolutely correct time.

Sheriff Nunn and H. G. Umland made a business trip to Navasota last night.

## SATURDAY.

Capt. C. C. McRea was in the city today from the Brazos bottom.

T. A. Hensarling and J. M. Olson were visitors to the city today from Steep Hollow.

W. H. Peyton of Benchly was in the city today.

Prof. and Mrs. W. L. Powers and Miss Nannie Williams of Wellborn were shopping in the city today.

Prof. J. E. Batson and W. D. Yardley were in the city today from Harvey.

A. A. Dean of Tabor was in the city trading today.

Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Wicker returned today from a visit to relatives in San Antonio.

Rev. Desimone went to Highbank today to hold services at that place. Zeth Jones was a visitor to the city today from Reliance.

M. G. Buchanan and daughter, Miss Faye, were in the city today from Harvey.

J. E. Covey and O. E. Saunders have returned from a three days' fishing trip in Fort Bend County. They report a good time and lots of fish caught. They brought back about one hundred and twenty-five nice trout.

R. R. Ellis is home from Waco on a visit to his family.

J. M. Cox was a visitor to the city today from Macy.

G. W. Bennett of Keith was in Bryan trading today.

H. F. Sheppard was in the city today from Kurten.

Mrs. A. L. Ward of Paris left yesterday for a visit to her mother, Mrs. Fred Court, of Houston, after a pleasant visit to Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Park.

Miss Bertie Hamilton left yesterday for a visit to friends in Anderson.

Miss Augusta Ferguson of Hearne is visiting Mrs. G. S. Parker.

Philip Hermer returned yesterday from a business trip to Dallas.

Mrs. S. C. Williams and son, Harry, are visiting relatives in Millican.

Theo. Miller, government inspector, is in the city today.

Rev. J. P. Calloway returned yesterday from a visit to relatives in Temple and Waco.

Mrs. J. M. Caldwell left today for Sherman to attend a recital given by her daughter, Miss Louise Caldwell, this being her graduation recital at Kidd Key Conservatory. The many friends of Miss Louise will be glad to hear of her great progress and success from a great musical conservatory like Kidd Key.

Mrs. Dora Poe, and Mrs. Will Battle are visiting relatives in Marlin.

Mrs. N. S. Clifton returned to her home in Waco today after visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Buchanan, of Harvey.

Rev. J. B. Gleissner left today for Hearne and Calvert, where he will hold services Sunday.

Rev. T. V. Donnelly president of St. Thomas College of Houston, arrived today. Rev. Donnelly will fill Rev. Gleissner's place at St. Joseph Church tomorrow.

John H. Ferguson was in the city today from Harvey.

Miss Mabel Bunch of Marlin is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Moorling.

Tom Benbow of Harris School House was a visitor to the city today.

Oscar Friley is in the city on a visit to Mr. and Mrs. J. Webb Howell.

N. F. Outlaw of Reliance was in the city today.

Morgan Closs of Harris School House was in the city today.

W. E. Graham was in today from his home on Rock Prairie.

Gen. H. B. Stoddard, R. A. Harrison and Dr. O. M. Ball have returned from the Grand Conclave of the Knights Templar of Texas which met in Dallas this week.

Stuart Barron of Anderson visited relatives here today. While in the city he paid The Eagle office a pleasant call.

Joe Walker of Tabor was in the city trading today.

Henry Koontz was in the city today from Zack.

A. A. Dean of Alexander was a visitor to the city today.

## MONDAY.

T. P. Boyett, Jr., Douglas Houston, Charles Galt, Jr., Early Graham, Carroll Harris and T. C. Nunn, Jr., were visitors to Houston yesterday.

Miss Kathryn Daly has returned from a most pleasant visit of two months in Galveston.

W. A. Withers has returned from a visit to his son, Warren Tilly Withers and wife, in Houston.

J. Webb Howell is with his son, Jack, in Galveston, who is at the Seely Hospital for throat treatment.

Mrs. Willie Wilson and sons visited relatives in Houston yesterday.

George W. Higgs spent yesterday in Galveston.

J. B. Stevenson went to Mumfords today on business.

Judge V. B. Hudson returned today from Navasota, where he has been on professional business.

Rob Roberts went to Dallas yesterday on business.

J. W. Hunnicutt returned yesterday afternoon from San Angelo, where he has been for some time in the interest of his health. Mr. Hunnicutt's many friends will be glad to know that he has greatly improved.

Willie Rucht went to Mumfords today to repair some slight damages to telephone lines there.

Dr. B. U. Sims left today for Marlin on a business trip.

Mrs. T. Tuck returned to her home in Marlin today after visiting relatives in Bryan. She was accompanied home of Miss Violet Greelan.

Miss Verna Massey arrived from Galveston yesterday and is a guest of Miss Irma Cloud.

Miss Lillian Kaes of Grand Rapids, Mich.; Mrs. O. W. Putnam and Mrs. Kyle Owens of Beaumont, and Mrs. Chas. Stephan and children of Houston, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. Stephan. They accompanied George Stephan home in a recent automobile trip to Beaumont and Houston.

Mrs. S. J. Crawford returned to her home in Millican yesterday after visiting her daughter, Mrs. Henry Crenshaw.

M. C. Behr returned to Gainesville yesterday after a brief visit in this city.

Miss Altha Edge went to Calvert yesterday to visit Miss Adelaide Glass.

Ed Hall, president of the First State Bank and Trust Company, left today to attend the State Bankers' convention which meets in Houston this week.

H. O. Boatwright, president of the First National Bank, and Major L. L. McInnis, vice president, left this afternoon for Houston to attend the State Bankers' convention.

A. W. Wilkerson, president of the City National Bank, left this afternoon for Houston to attend the State Bankers' convention.

Mrs. Dora Poole returned last night from a brief visit to relatives in Marlin.

O. P. Hall left today on a business trip to Brownwood.

Dr. J. H. O. Smith left this afternoon for Corsicana. The revival here closed last night.

Miss Mabel Bunch returned to her home in Marlin today after visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Moorling.

Robert Davis returned to his home in Hearne today after spending Sunday with friends in this city.

W. L. Closs, a merchant of Harris School House community, together with G. P. Edge, J. L. Cobb and Joe Sample, motored to Bryan yesterday in Mr. Closs' new Overland car to attend the big union revival services.

## TUESDAY.

Mrs. J. A. McQueen is visiting friends and relatives in Houston.

Mrs. H. O. Boatwright is the guest of relatives in Houston for the Bankers' convention.

Mrs. F. L. Sheeks returned to her home in Beaumont yesterday after a brief visit to Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Park.

Phocion Love returned to Mart today after a brief visit to his mother, Mrs. O. B. Love, of this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Noble Melton returned today from a visit to friends and relatives in Houston.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Haltom left to Misses Inez and Nettie Crawford of Millican are visiting their sister, Mrs. H. Crenshaw.

Mrs. Laura Kestler of Waco is visiting her brother, Claud A. Buchanan and family, of this city.

Dr. W. A. Smith of Millican was in the city today.

Prof. C. S. Tatum and O. F. Chastain were visitors to the city today from College.

Miss Elaine Bizzell of College was shopping in the city today.

Mrs. W. H. Thomas was in the city today from College.

## TEXAS BANKERS ARE IN SESSION

Bankers From All Parts of State and From Other States in Annual Convention.

Houston, Texas, May 2.—The annual convention of the Texas Bankers' Association, of which Joseph Hirsch of Corpus Christi is president, opened here today, with indications of its having the largest attendance of any previous session. Up to yesterday more than 1000 reservations had been made by delegates at Houston hotels.

According to a pre-convention statement this morning by President Hirsch, there has never been a time in the history of the association where so many matters seriously affecting the banking business have confronted the Texas association.

The work of the association during the past year, especially its warehouse campaign which resulted in greatly increasing cotton warehouse capacity; the Galveston conference of Southern States bankers, to spread this building program to other states; the active work of the agricultural committee for safe farming and live stock raising, were the principal accomplishments of the year to be discussed at various times during the convention.

Resolutions were to be introduced for the appointment of new standing committees on banking education for bank employees, also suggestions for strong legislative committees to keep in touch with State and National banking legislation. Uncertainty due to changes in the federal reserve act and a discussion as to State banks joining the federal reserve system were also to be placed before the convention.

Other matters of interest to the State will be the proposal of taking over country check collections by federal reserve banks. Many bankers have predicted this will be in effect by June 1 of this year, and a continuation of the warehouse and gradual marketing campaign for cotton.

Prominent speakers on the program for this session and their subjects are: James K. Lynch, San Francisco, president of the American Bankers' Association, "Frontier Banking"; Hon. Adam Bede, ex-congressman from Minnesota, and a noted humorist; Hon. Clarence Ousley, director of the extension department of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, "Texas Credit Problems"; W. W. Bowman, secretary of the Kansas Bankers' Association, "Educational Work of the American Institute of Banking"; M. C. Elliott, Washington, D. C., counsel of the Federal Reserve Board, "The Banker and the Public"; J. Dabney Day, Dallas, "Why State Banks Should Join the Federal Reserve System."

## Mr. Lynch's Address.

Discussing the change from high to low rates of interest charged by banks under the general discussion of "Frontier Banking," James K. Lynch, president of the First National Bank of San Francisco, and president of the American Bankers' Association, declared in part today before the annual convention of the Texas Bankers' Association in convention here: "Frontier, as the adjective, and not as the noun, is the way in which I wish to consider the word in connection with banking. Not so many years ago California, my home state, was a frontier, and frontier conditions prevailed in even her largest city. I do not mean to say that our best citizens tucked their trousers into their boots, or wore forty-five's in their belts, but one per cent per month was the rule.

ing interest. Both are frontier customs and the interest habit has outlived the revolver habit in many places.

"I do not recall that there was then any more complaint about the rate of 12 per cent than there is now for four per cent, as the compensation for the use of the money; borrowers are always prone to think the rate too high, as lenders are to consider it unreasonably low, and the difference is adjusted by the law of supply and demand, a law which up to date has not been repealed. The rate of 12 per cent was a reduction from much higher rates which had prevailed. It was the completion of the Central Pacific, and its junction with the Union Pacific, completing a transcontinental line, which marked the end of pioneer days and destroyed frontier conditions in San Francisco.

"There has been no change in the California laws on the subject of interest; 7 per cent is the rate established, where no rate is fixed by contract, and any rate contracted for is legal; yet rates have dropped from, let us say, 12 to 5 per cent on the same grade of loans.

"It should be remembered that no matter how poor a bank may be, when considered as an agent for the upbuilding of a community, the community is better with the bank than without it. No matter how much of a skink the banker may be, he is moderate in his requirements as compared with the village money lender. "As far back as history extends, we find priests preaching against usury, and lawmakers legislating against usury, and it is to be remembered that the collection of any rate for the use of money was regarded not only a sin, but a crime which should bring swift punishment on the criminal.

"Should congress agree upon and pass one of the many bills dealing with usury, the effects would vary according to the locality. In the larger cities there would be no effect, as the rates collectable are below any rate the lawmakers are likely to establish. In the smaller cities and villages, one will find the case somewhat different. The banks best situated will find a small curtailment in their profits; the next grade will find it difficult to earn a fair dividend; but may hold on, hoping to profit from the increase in volume, which possibility is always before us. At last will come the banks largely founded on hopes that are tilling barren fields and waiting for the rain of prosperity, which somehow seldom comes for those who greatly need it. Some of these banks will be liquidated by their directors, and perhaps a remnant may flourish through the lessening of competition.

"There is one other alternative: where the state laws are more liberal, banks will naturally desert the national system. State banking requirements are growing more rigid and there are but few states where there is much inducement offered to the national banker to make the change.

"Excessively high prices for land have much to do with the agitation for farm loans. It is now taking the form of a demand that the government should put its credit at the farmers' service and enable them to borrow money at much lower rates than paid by solvent merchants in the same localities. I have read most of the bills introduced in congress on this subject, and I doubt if any will work in the way the farmer wants them; that is, by greatly increasing his borrowing power.

"I have spoken as a banker speaking to bankers, but I have tried to keep the depositor and the borrower, particularly where he is the cultivator of the soil, or rides the range, strongly in mind. I would urge on the bankers of this commonwealth to take the long view wherever it can be safely taken, and do away with methods that bear harshly on the borrower. "It is from large deposits and moderate rates of interest that you will pay your highest dividends, and do your best work as builders of the state. As the frontier vanishes, let frontier conditions go also."

## \$50,000 TO TEN CHILDREN.

Jennings, La., Oil Baron Distributed Sum at Family Meet.

Jennings, La., May 2.—Jules Clement, a wealthy citizen of Jennings, at a family meeting here this week, distributed between ten of his children \$50,000. Mr. Clement formerly distributed \$20,000 among his children. Mr. Clement was one of the residents of Evangeline at the time the famous Jennings oil field was discovered, owning a large tract of land, much of which was near the center of oil production at the Jennings field, and owns large interests outside of the field.

## ANNOUNCES FOR SHERIFF.

T. C. Nunn Candidate for Re-election to Important Office.

By reference to The Eagle announcement column this afternoon will be seen the name of T. C. Nunn, who is a candidate for re-election to the office of sheriff subject to the action of the July democratic primary.

It is not necessary for The Eagle to tell the voters of Brazos County who Tom Nunn is; they all know him personally. He has lived in Bryan for many years and there is perhaps not a man in the county who has a wider acquaintance with the people than he has. He served the people as sheriff for some ten or twelve years several years ago, and after retirement moved to West Texas, where he resided for some time. He returned to Bryan three years ago and in the primary election two years ago was again elected sheriff. He is now serving his first term in this new tenure of office.

Sheriff Nunn has made a record as sheriff of Brazos County that has brought him into favorable notice throughout the country and won for him the reputation of being one of the very best peace officers in the State. He stands at the very head of the list in capturing fugitives from justice.

The affairs of his office are administered in an absolutely fearless manner, yet there is no man who is kinder hearted, or who treats his prisoners with greater consideration than Sheriff Nunn. No partiality of any kind is shown and all are treated fairly and courteously.

As a man and citizen, the county has no better. He has proven his worth, and his course has been such as to command the respect, the confidence and the trust of all. If re-elected he promises a continuance of the same faithful service, and will appreciate the support of all.

The Eagle takes pleasure in placing his name and claims before the democracy of the county for their careful consideration.

## TO RURAL TEACHERS.

A Rural Life School and Summer Normal Institute will be held this summer at A. & M. College from June 16 to July 29. Teachers may secure certificates here on same conditions as at other summer normals recognized by the State. Would it not be well for our county teachers to attend here instead of going off? The item of expense may be worth considering. Secretary Charles E. Friley will furnish Bulletin No. 4 on application.

E. R. WILLIAMS.

Bryan, Texas, May 2, 1916.

## A CAPTAIN OF COMIC INDUSTRY.

## NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE.

The State of Texas,

County of Brazos.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued out of the Honorable District Court of Brazos County, on the 27th day of April, A. D. 1916, by the clerk thereof, in the case of Mrs. Josie Sheets versus Mrs. M. E. Alexander, W. A. Alexander, Mrs. Alice Ball, W. R. Ball, Mrs. Effie L. McIntyre, Edward McIntyre, Jack F. Mitchell, H. C. Robinson and the Rotan Grocery Company, No. 7180, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered, I will proceed to sell for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's Sales, on the first Tuesday in June, A. D. 1916, it being the 6th day of said month, before the court house door of said Brazos County, in the City of Bryan, the following described property, to-wit:

Lots Nos. Six (6) and Seven (7), in Block No. Forty-four (44), in the City of Bryan, Brazos County, Texas, according to the map of said city, levied on as the property wherein the said defendants are claiming an interest, and as the property formerly owned by J. F. Mitchell and J. L. Mitchell, both now deceased, to satisfy a judgment rendered in said cause in favor of said Mrs. Josie Sheets, amounting to Five Hundred and Fifty-two and 75/100 (\$552.75) Dollars, with interest thereon from March 30, 1916, at rate of 10 per cent per annum and costs of suit.

Given under my hand, this 2nd day of May, A. D. 1916.

T. C. NUNN,

Sheriff of Brazos County, Texas.

Jas. Sullivan, of the A. & M. College, returned yesterday from an extended trip to Colorado City and other points in North Texas.

Dr. and Mrs. L. F. Johnson of Beaumont are guests of Dr. and Mrs. S. C. Richardson in this city.



# WASHINGTON PLEASED WITH PROGRESS TODAY

**Conference Between Scott and Obregon Not Yet Concluded—Final Proposals Have Not Been Made by Either Side—Obregon Hopeful Conference Will Close by Middle of the Week.**

[By Associated Press.]  
Washington, May 1.—After an exchange of messages between the war department and General Scott regarding the Obregon conference, officials declared today regarding the negotiations, that thus far they were satisfactory. Definite and final proposals have not been reached yet in the conference, it was authoritatively stated. While it was officially admitted that Obregon suggested the withdrawal of American troops, an officially unfavorable position has not been taken by either side.

## Conference Postponed.

[By Associated Press.]  
El Paso, Texas, May 1.—Resumption of the Scott-Funston conference may not be undertaken until late to-

## OUR HEROIC DEAD.

The following paper, read by Miss Mabel Zimmerman before the Daughters of the Confederacy on Memorial Day, is published in The Eagle at the request of the chapter because of its merit, its beauty and tender sentiment:

Appealing and impressive are the various means by which the emotions are put in play, and the in-born senses are won't to vie with each other for the supremacy of their characteristic exultations. The soul of our being, endowed with the utter receptibility and the concordance of qualities, both human and divine, can scarcely give claim to any higher potency than the expression of that characteristic, which in the realm of verbalism is termed patriotism. And seemingly, as to its vindication it needs no defense, inasmuch as aggression on this ground is the least, of which we are observant; the natural impulse seems to disregard incentive as to an awakening, inasmuch as the prompting, often, appears to emanate freely, without a stimulus even though at specific times it reaches a higher degree of expression.

Instinctively, we know that heroism is inherent, and that love of country is accentuated by the fact that even though times of heroism are generally times of terror, still there is no obstacle or hindrance which can deter the heroic man from taking a post of duty in the time of his country's need. No greater proof have we of the prevalent existence of patriotism than the fact that the man who fears his personal enemy, the coward, so to speak, at the mention of the defense of native country forgets his cowardly instinct, and exultantly puts forth every phase of defiance in expression, and, if need be, in action.

To laud our dead, to accord them pre-eminence, to rightly magnify the good in them, and to relegate to the realm of obscurity the bad that pre-eminence through which we are made more keenly aware of the accentuation of our relation to those things which are conceded as being correlative, as to aspect, human and divine; but to honor especially those who culminated in their very deeds and efforts, the essence of that praiseworthy quality, patriotism, and thereby revealing to us that unselfishness, the interest of others and the welfare of their native state or country, was the paramount issue of their lives at that time is a token of respect which transcends the one which we offer merely to those who have naturally departed from this life, and makes us gloriously aware of the fact that to defend one's country is one of man's noblest tributes to God.

The din of battle, the roar of cannon, the play of shot and shell, and the cruel depredations resulting from any conflict, create in our very hearts a strong sentiment against that method of righting a wrong; but on the other hand, we are the possessors of an instinct, which makes us feel that there is no alternate as to action. No matter how dire the consequences, how many the numbers involved, or how great or how small the provocation which has prompted the issue, if the honor or the name of a country is at stake, or a means of protection is in demand, the only and the right thing for every man to do is to respond to the call, sacrifice everything for the welfare of his country, and ever afterward he will stand pre-eminently above the one who failed to do so, and will ever be regaled as a synonym of heroism.

The strains of a mighty organ, resonant from its voluminous capacity, have stirred the very depths of our souls, the words from the mouth of a fluent orator have likewise created a kindred emotion, and the response of the call of the divine within us has reached the sublimest height of expressive sensibility, they, each, have played their part in our lives, and with each other for alternate pre-eminence; and yet, who will say that the heroism of men who died for a cause they honored, is not also a recipient of a greater part of our emo-

tion and exultant feeling. The strains of Dixie, the feeble words of the account of the deeds of a soldier, time-worn and aged, the responsiveness in the face of the lad who hears it, and even the reading from the printed page that thousands lay on the field of battle, arouses us to the extent that all emotions are put in play, and rise up like a fount to deluge our being until expressiveness has its vent only as indicated by this particular manifestation of patriotic reverence.

It matters not whether we read an account of the defeat or the success of the Confederate army—the Second Battle of Bull Run or the Battle of Gettysburg—whether the success of the strategic plans of Lee or Jackson or their mistakes in military movements are recorded or even that the advantages or disadvantages of the physical features of the war are discussed; we are, mostly, concerned with the fact that it was the lives of men that made any issue, however great or small, possible in this conflict. Try as we may, we could never pay them enough homage. Let the earth resound forever with the notes of patriotic hymns, which in the expression of the words is the embodiment of their brave deeds; let poets be especially inspired and in the adaptation of lyrical expressions and the spontaneity of words, impart to us the extent of their heroism, and let us for centuries revere the day which is set aside to breathe their graves in flowers and continually by this act, accord them honor, still it would not suffice.

Emerson says, "Heroism feels and never reasons, and, therefore, is always right; the thing that the hero does is the highest deed." Bearing on this fact, the scenes of the Civil war, enacted as they were, can mean primarily and ultimately to us nothing more than that thousands of lives were possessed with this individual heroism. Can you picture a hero? One in whom there is embodied the essence of those attributes which in their profundity can not be fully portrayed, inasmuch as full perception is denied because of the sacredness of it all. These men were heroes, every one a hero, and it isn't a question of what was their regiment, what part they played in the Peninsular campaign, what battles they saw, but it is the marvelous revelation of the fact that they were men, fighting for what they believed was right, a thing wherein a man is most ennobled. They counted not the sacrifices, even though they were too manifold for utterance; they counted not the cost, even though the gory fiend of battle revelled and delighted in a bloodshed horrible of mention; nay, even was there any consequence considered, they were indeed heroes, emboldened with the fire of a noble devotion to a great cause, and inspired by an undaunted courage and resolute fortitude which calls forth an unconfined tribute of gratitude and commendation.

The deeds of these heroes have been eulogized by the poets. In numbers of verses we find our sentiments voiced, and we are indeed proud of the fact that through all the ages there will be heralded these impartial tributes to their heroism.

"On Fame's eternal camping ground  
Their silent tents are spread,  
And Glory guards with solemn round  
The bivouac of the dead."

And yet we say "'tis not enough." Even though fame, with all of her embassies of renown and glory, resplendent in the realm of heraldic pomp, should convey to them the manifestation of their praise for every deed, still the honor and the reverence which is enshrined in our hearts would not so outweigh this manifestation that it would appear as only the semblance of a much deserved tribute.

How wonderfully impressed would we be if we could hear each hero tell his own story. Not that it was a hardship, not that it was a struggle ensuing for seemingly endless days and sleepless nights which made him finally yield to the call, not, my

friends, that regret in its apparitional form haunted the labyrinths of his being; but on the other hand the sweet story which can only be told in a soldier's way, of how every hardship was made a triumph, of how willingness to serve became a sacred attribute of his character, and of what great joy it was to have a perfect realization of the fact that—

"The valiant never taste of death  
but once, even though cowards die  
many times before their deaths."

However, no matter what special reverence we pay our own heroic dead of the Southland, we are possessed with a patriotism, imbued with too much loyalty and too strong in our utter belief in "Liberty, Union, Now and Forever," to permit ourselves to forget the fact that there were heroes on both sides. That the heart of the mother of the son who wore the blue beat just as fervently for him as did the heart of the one who saw a gray-clad youth march away, perhaps never to return. The details of the memorable scenes enacted during the Civil war are familiar to us all. From the time when the first shot in treason crashed against the walls of Fort Sumpter until the day on which Grant met Lee in that historic farmhouse at Appomattox and received the surrender of the Confederate army, our country was deluged in blood, and principles swayed in the balance. Thousands of Union's and Freedom's noble sons sacrificed their lives in these causes. Slavery, the terrible stain that marred the beauty of our banner and the integrity of the Union, was wiped out of our land.

On Decoration Day the graves of the heroic dead are wreathed in flowers. An eminent author says, "Every soldier's grave becomes an altar," and it seems that since our heroes fell there are fresh reasons why the month of May should cover all the land with flowers. We bring rosemary for remembrance of their gallant deeds, pansies for proud thoughts of their devotion, roses that remind us of their heart's blood so freely shed, and lilies as graceful and fair as their young lives, offered on the altars of Union and Freedom.

The bitterness of that sad time we seek to forget, and to cherish only the thoughts of their noble deeds. We do not ask whether the dust beneath wore the blue or the gray; it is enough for us that it is a soldier's grave and we breathe it with flowers.

"Rest on, embalmed and sainted dead,  
Dear as the blood ye gave;  
No impious footsteps here shall tread  
The herbage of your grave.  
Nor shall your glory be forgot.  
While Fame her record keeps,  
Or Honor points the hallowed spot  
Where Valor proudly sleeps."

## MRS. P. L. BARRON DEAD.

**One of the County's Most Estimable Ladies Entered Into Rest.**

Mrs. Lena Barron, the beloved wife of Mr. P. L. Barron, died at the family home on Rock Prairie at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon after an illness of a month or longer. She had been critically ill for a week. Every possible care and attention were given during her illness and loved ones were constantly at her bedside tenderly ministering to her in the hope of wooing her back to health, but their efforts were fruitless. The skill of the physicians counted for naught against the oncoming of the grim reaper, and at the hour stated she passed gently and sweetly into eternal rest. Her husband and children and all her brothers and sisters were by her bedside when the end came.

Mrs. Barron was a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Buchanan, and was born in Madison County, Texas, in 1869, making her 47 years of age at the time of her death. Her parents moved to this county when she was a small child and she was reared in the Steep Hollow community. At an early age she united with the Missionary Baptist Church and all her life lived a faithful, consistent Christian. Her pure life, her bright, sunny nature, her charity, her deeds of loving kindness exercised a wholesome influence in her home, upon the lives of her husband and children, and left its impress upon the community at large. She will be missed by her family, by her neighbors and friends, and her passing has left a vacancy that will be hard to fill.

Besides her husband, she is survived by eight children, viz: W. B. Barron, Mrs. Mattie Holland, Miss Gladys, Icy, Thelma, Lallie and Rubert and Ruble Barron. She also leaves two sisters and four brothers, Mrs. Laura Kestler of Waco, Mrs. Olivia Suber of Kurten and Messrs. S. W. R. L. C. A. and W. H. Buchanan. The bereaved family and relatives have the sincere sympathy of all in their dark hour of sore affliction.

The funeral was held at 3 o'clock this afternoon at old Bethel Church Cemetery, Rev. J. M. Bullock of this city conducting the funeral services. A large concourse of friends and neighbors were present to pay their last tribute of respect, and the many beautiful floral offerings bespoke the tender love of many friends.

It isn't the direction in which his fancy turns that characterizes the young man, but the fact that it can turn lightly.—Milwaukee Journal.

# THE UNION REVIVAL BROUGHT TO CLOSE

Series of Strong Sermons Preached  
By Evangelist Smith and Many  
Souls Saved.

The great union revival has closed, the concluding sermon being delivered Sunday night. It was a great meeting, and being co-operative in nature, did a great work in bringing the various congregations of the city into closer fellowship. There were nearly two hundred professions and reclamations and the membership of all the churches will be substantially augmented as a result of the revival.

## Saturday Night's Service.

One prayer meeting was held on Saturday afternoon and was attended by twenty-nine ladies. "I am Happy in Him" was beautifully interpreted as a solo just before Dr. Smith took charge of the service.

The preacher said, "I wonder if Bryan fully realizes its responsibility here in this great educational center? Prohibition is coming but I just long to see these fine men who are engaged in the liquor business give their lives to the Lord." After reading a few verses from the first chapter of James he spoke of looking at one's self in a mirror—morally speaking as well as spiritually.

Sunday morning there was no sermon, the major part of the time being taken up with devotional and song service and the attending to some matters of business. A large offering was made to defray the expenses of the meeting and acknowledge the good work of Dr. Smith.

## Sunday Night's Service.

The great tent was filled to overflowing by an early period of the service. The throng sang with great soul and the music was led by a strong choir.

The offering, which was begun at the morning hour, was continued as the ushers received the incidental offering of the evening.

As Dr. J. H. O. Smith, the evangelist, took the service he called for "Blest Be the Tie," which was sung with feeling. He then expressed in a few remarks his regret at coming to the close of a season so helpful to all. He exhorted to help each other as we go along in our respective duties. Reference was made to the ending of the great life of Paul, who said "I am now ready to be offered up and the time of my departure is at hand."

Brother, sister, my messages are over. I wish I might have presented my Savior as He deserved to be presented. I beg you to accept Him as your Savior and come out and confess Him.

A number of professions of faith followed the preacher's invitation.

## FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

Mr. J. B. Priddy is a candidate for re-election to the office of county treasurer of Brazos County and requests The Eagle to announce his candidacy to the voters subject to the action of the July democratic primary.

Mr. Priddy has resided the greater part of his life in Brazos County and is one of the county's best known citizens. He is now serving his second term as county treasurer and his record is one that is a credit to himself and to the people he serves. The affairs of his office have been kept right up to the minute, his books balanced to a cent, his reports made promptly to the commissioners' court, and all the financial matters of the county kept in such systematic arrangement that any information concerning any department can be had at once.

Prior to his election as treasurer Mr. Priddy was commissioner of the Bryan precinct for several terms and previous to that was one of the aldermen of Bryan. In each of these positions he rendered distinguished service and in each instance his official record was such as to inspire the confidence of the people for a step upward.

Brazos County has no better citizen than Mr. Priddy, one more responsible, one more worthy of confidence and trust. If re-elected he promises the same faithful service in the future that has characterized his course in the past.

The Eagle takes pleasure in placing the name and claims of Mr. Priddy before the democracy of the county for their consideration on July 22.

The small daughter was industriously ironing her doll clothes when her mother entered. "It's wrong to work on Sunday. Have you forgotten the Lord sees you?" "This isn't work. And if the Lord does see me, He knows perfectly well this iron is cold."—Judge.

# HOPE FOR IRISH REPUBLIC LIC AGAIN VANISHED

**The Leaders of the Irish Rebels Surrendered and the Rank and File Followed the Same Course and Laid down Their Arms at the Foot of the Parnell Monument—Those Surrendering Were Taken to Prisons in the Interior of England—The Germans Are on the Aggressive Around Verdun, but France Claims They Were Repulsed—Turkey Claims Heavy British Losses, Including Five Hundred Officers, Among Whom Were Four Generals.**

London, May 1.—The official statement says all rebel leaders in Dublin have surrendered.

## Rebels Follow Leaders.

[By Associated Press.]  
Dublin, May 1.—The rebel rank and file followed the example of the leaders today and confessed the cause of an Irish Republic was lost by laying down their arms at the foot of the Parnell monument in Sackville Street and surrendered to the British troops. About four hundred and fifty, who had been fighting since Monday, marched out from their strongholds under a white flag and gave themselves up. A few irreconcilables continued sniping. Most of those who surrendered were taken to prisons in the interior of England.

## Transport Sunk.

[By Associated Press.]  
Berlin, May 1.—It is reported from Saloniki that a German submarine sank a large transport. This is the second instance in which a transport has been reported torpedoed off Saloniki.

## Particulars of Surrender.

[By Associated Press.]  
Berlin, May 1.—The news of Gen-

eral Townshend's surrender to the Turks at Kut-el-Amara was brought today in an overseas dispatch from Constantinople which said the Turkish commander allowed the British general to retain his sword. General Townshend offered to surrender the town with all his artillery and more than a million pounds on condition that he be received with military honors. This was declined, whereupon the British surrendered unconditionally.

## War Summary.

[By Associated Press.]  
London, May 1.—The Germans renewed their efforts and are on the aggressive northeast of Verdun, delivering a massed attack on a position recently captured by the French north of Dead Man's Hill. The assaults were repulsed, it is claimed by Paris.

The Turks estimate at twenty thousand the British losses during March and April in Mesopotamia. More than five hundred British and Indian officers, including four generals, were taken when General Townshend surrendered to the Turks at Kut-el-Amara.

## DISCOURTESY HAS COST THE RAILROADS MILLIONS.

In the May American Magazine is an article by Fred C. Kelly which shows how the railroads lost millions through discourtesy.

"The famous 'public be damned' policy governed railroads for a great many years, and a large ratio if not a majority, of those railroad employees who dealt directly with the public, were a crusty lot. They were never told, or given the slightest incentive, to be otherwise.

"The consequence was that discourtesy has cost the railroads in this country millions of dollars. A friend of mine analyzes it in this way: A conductor, brakeman, gateman or ticket agent, is the only point of contact between the stockholders of a railroad and the public. When a farmer's wife was discourteously treated by a conductor, brakeman, gateman or ticket agent, she went home and taught her children to fear God and hate a railroad. Her boys grew up to become legislators, land appraisers, county commissioners, jurors, and so on. The railroads know the rest. Public service corporations by means of discourtesy have done more to promote socialism than all the street-corner agitators."

Mrs. Green: "Who is your favorite author?" Mrs. Brown: "My husband." Mrs. Green: "Your husband?" Why, I wasn't aware that he had written anything." Mrs. Brown: "Oh, yes, he writes checks."—Indianapolis ticket agent, is the only point of contact between the stockholders of a railroad and the public. When a farmer's wife was discourteously treated by a conductor, brakeman, gateman or ticket agent, she went home and taught her children to fear God and hate a railroad. Her boys grew up to become legislators, land appraisers, county commissioners, jurors, and so on. The railroads know the rest. Public service corporations by means of discourtesy have done more to promote socialism than all the street-corner agitators."

## Brushes? We have them



Our brushes will "hold their bristles"—they will hold for us your trade.  
Look at your old hair brushes, tooth brushes, paint brushes, brushes of all kinds and see if you don't need NEW ones.  
Then come to us for the new brushes you need—and all of your Drug store things.

**M. H. JAMES**  
WE TAKE CARE.



## WEATHER BULLETIN

Washington, D. C., April 29.—Last bulletin gave forecasts of disturbance to cross continent May 1 to 5, warm wave April 30 to May 4, cool wave May 3 to 7. This storm will be of greater intensity and more importance than any that will have occurred during the preceding two weeks. Its force will increase after it passes east of meridian 90. Rains will be more general but not excessive.

Next disturbance will reach the Pacific coast about May 6, cross Pacific slope by close of 7, central valleys 8 to 10, eastern sections 11. Warm wave will cross Pacific slope about May 6, central valleys 8, eastern sections 10. Cool wave will cross Pacific slope about May 9, central valleys 11, eastern section 13.

This will be a dangerous storm, causing severe weather from the Pacific to the Atlantic. Rains will be general and in some places heavy. High winds, called gales, are expected. This storm is expected to contain a double storm which may unite in eastern sections and cause very dangerous storms.

While floods are not expected the rains will be quite general and places that have been too dry are expected to get some needed moisture. A great high temperature wave will cross the continent, reaching meridian 90 near May 10 and a cool wave will follow with frosts that will go further south than usual, crossing the meridian 90 about May 14.

May will be a good crop weather month on most parts of the continent and as good prices for farm products are quite probable, farmers should put forward their best energies that month. This country will need the millions of money, after the European war closes, that will be made out of this year's crops and probably more than any other month of this year. May will need the very best energies of our American farmers. The old aphorism, "Make money while the sun shines," will apply with double force to the farmers' work throughout the coming month. Do your very best.

We are pleased to note that De Voe, Caruthers and Prof. Moore are being recognized by the newspapers in long range weather forecasting. No fair mind will claim that their forecasts are without merit. We have found merit in the long range weather forecasts of Tice, Hicks, Mansill, Blake, De Voe, Caruthers, Bigelow, Ricard, Porta and others and after carefully testing each of their systems by the weather records, covering every day back to 1820, we have adopted all the good we could find in their systems.

Our forecasts are worked out by the simple rules of common arithmetic, using these weather records, matched with the positions of sun, moon and major planets. Each of the other authors use astronomical records only, except that Bigelow used three records, astronomical, weather and magnetic. His fatal mistake was in using only the 27 day cycle of the sun's rotation instead of the planetary cycles.

## TENDING 5TH SUNDAY MEETING.

F. L. Southern in Beat Bryan, to a large delegation from the Baptist Church of this city at the fifth Sunday meeting at Alderman's Rock yesterday and today. Those attending were: Dr. M. E. Weaver, Mrs. P. J. Brown, Rev. C. E. Bullock, W. B. R. Lindsey, Rev. J. M. Bullock, C. S. Jones, Mrs. R. J. Brown, Mrs. W. S. Howell, Mrs. J. Webb Howell, and others. Prof. W. B. Graham of Rock Prairie was also a delegate from his church.

## SHEPPARD FEARS LAND ARISTOCRACY

Wants Constitutional Amendment for United States to Purchase Land For Settlement.

[By Associated Press.]

Washington, April 28.—Senator Sheppard of Texas today told the senate the United States was menaced by a rapidly increasing aristocracy of land owners, and proposed a constitutional amendment to authorize congress to purchase land anywhere in the country, to hold, improve, subdivide and sell it and make loans for the people, encouraging farm ownership. The amendment, he said, was similar to one adopted in Massachusetts and approved by more than three to two in a popular vote.

## EPIGRAMMATIC WISDOM.

Folly and failure roost on the same perch.

One good thing about a dog fight is that the dogs engaged in it never go around and talk for publication after it is all over.

A bad man is far less dangerous than a cunning one.

Great men have many friends—and many more enemies.

Bliss comes with the honeymoon, after that comes the blister.

As a man grows thinner with age his wife usually grows fatter.

Your neighbors haven't any more use for you than you have for them.

A widow can be as much interested in a man as if he were interesting.

It's easier to induce two hearts to beat as one than it is to induce two mouths to eat that way.

Although the dignified man may not know much, he has to be very careful of what little he does know.

The only safe way to contest a man's will is to wait until the undertaker gets through with him, then hire a lawyer.

Every man thinks he could invent a lot of things that would startle the world if he didn't have to waste his time in trying to earn a living.

A woman begins to show her age when she doesn't care who looks over the birth records in the family Bible.

It sometimes pays to chuck a bluff. If you can't have your own way, pretend the other way is yours.

It's an easy matter to take a day off, but it isn't every man who can put it back.

Most women are curious, but the most curious thing in the world is a woman who isn't.

A man must be a pretty good waiter who expects to have greatness thrust upon him.

The one time a woman can always hit what she aims at is when she casts reflections.

If some people should try to swallow their pride they would choke to death.

A man's memory proves that it is much easier to forget what to remember than to remember what to forget.

It's all right to mount upward, but the fellow who falls from the top has the furthest to fall.

No man is such a pessimist as to refuse to believe the good things he hears about himself.

A woman feels that she has lost her grip when she can no longer twist a man around her little finger.

What a profoundly silent place this world would be if we should talk only when we have something to say.

## MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Joe Scanlan to Katie Cangelosa. Vincenza Collena to Anna Carrs. Giuseppe Messina to Guiseppe Todaro.

## GENERAL HULEN SUCCEEDS LYON

Was One Time Adjutant General—Has War Record in Cuba and the Philippines.

Austin, Texas, May 1.—General John A. Hulen of Houston has been appointed brigadier general of the Texas National Guard to succeed the late Cecil A. Lyon. The announcement of the appointment was made Saturday by Governor J. E. Ferguson.

General Hulen is a soldier of recognized ability, having served in the army during the Spanish-American war. He also participated in the Gilmore expedition in the Philippine Islands and was adjutant general of Texas at one time. In appointing General Hulen, Governor Ferguson is said to have been especially moved in the belief that the National Guard should have its head at this time a man of experience because of unsettled conditions in Mexico.

## HINTS FOR THE HOUSEHOLD.

Save Plumbers' Bills by Wiping Grease From Pans With Paper.

Before peeling oranges let them stand in hot water for five minutes and the peeling will slip off like magic.

Lamp burners should be washed frequently to remove dust and carbon that choke the perforations. Occasionally they should be boiled in a washing soda solution.

Almost all vegetables, except beans, should be cooked in as little water as possible; then this water thickened with butter, cream and the tiniest amount of flour.

The unused doorway makes an effective bookcase. The door should be locked and treated as the back of the case. Shelves can be set in the entire door space or the lower half.

A Fruit Jelly—Apples, bananas and pineapple chopped and put into a foundation of gelatine, strawberry juice and hot water, makes a delicious salad, served on lettuce leaves.

An excellent cleaner for painted surfaces is made as follows: Two quarts of hot water, two tablespoonfuls of turpentine, a pint of skimmed milk and enough soap to make a weak sud.

Ink stains on mahogany can be removed by painting them with a solution of six drops of niter mixed with a teaspoonful of water. Then rub well with a damp cloth and polish with a dry one.

Frying pans should be wiped with clean tissue paper before they are washed. In this way there is not so much grease poured down the drain. We all know that enough grease will stop up a drain.

Using a warm iron when cutting out clothing will do away with pins and weights on tissue paper patterns. Lay the pattern on the material and press it lightly with a warm iron. It will adhere to the cloth.

If you do your own cooking and wish to go out until late in the afternoon, plan a casserole of meat and vegetables, put it in a slow oven when you go and when you return your dinner will be ready to serve.

To save time in making cookies, roll the dough out into a thin sheet, bake it in a large pan and immediately taking it out of the oven score it into squares or triangles. When it is cool the cookies will break off easily.

## WELLBORN NEWS NOTES.

J. C. Royder was a visitor to Bryan Monday.

W. E. Gandy of Rock Prairie went to Bryan Tuesday on business.

D. E. Tompison was a visitor to Bryan Tuesday.

A. R. Parker of the Koppe farm went to Bryan on business Tuesday.

P. W. McSwain was among the visitors to Bryan Tuesday.

Mrs. A. W. Royder was in Bryan shopping Monday.

Pink Graham was in Bryan Wednesday on business.

The Wellborn High School closed Friday evening, the closing exercises were not rendered on account of the death of Mrs. P. L. Barron.

Prof. and Mrs. M. B. Autrey, Misses Eunice Taylor and Jonnie Battle left for their home in Corsicana Saturday.

Miss Jessie Baker returned to her home in Navasota Saturday.

Mrs. Will Pool returned to her home in Houston Saturday after spending a month with home folks.

J. L. Hensarling was a visitor to Bryan Saturday.

G. B. Hensarling went to Bryan on business Saturday.

Hester Ramsey has been visiting little friends in Wellborn the past few weeks and returned to Bryan Saturday.

J. C. Royder went to Bryan on Saturday on business.

Correspondent.

## IRISH UPRISING COST TEN MILLION

Officials Claim the Rebellion Is Well in Hand, but Reports of Cost Are Mounting Higher.

Dublin, May 1.—Rumors of stern action by the troops against the post-office, the Sinn Feiners' stronghold, spread around the city yesterday morning. It would have been possible to bombard the place at any time, but it was considered undesirable to destroy a building which had just been renovated by the government. Buildings in Sackville Street all around the postoffice have been burned down. Although it is impossible to obtain an estimate of the damage it can be placed conservatively at something more than \$10,000,000.

Correspondents who are assembled in the Northwall quarter were unable to communicate this morning with headquarters. Officers returning from the fighting area reported everything much quieter than for several days, and confirmed the belief that the military has the situation well in hand.

From the roof of the correspondents' hotel many fires could be observed, mostly in central Dublin. The hotel is kept under a constant fire by well concealed snipers from both the north and the south.

The soldiers reply whenever they see the flash of a rifle, but the locations of the snipers had not been discovered up to noon.

All the houses around Northwall were cleared of men Saturday night by troops, who rounded them up and kept them in custody until daybreak. Firing went on, however, as briskly as ever.

## CITY COUNCIL MEETING.

Paving Assessments on Various Streets Adopted.

A special meeting of the city council was held at the city hall at 8 o'clock last night with Mayor Harris presiding and Aldermen Haswell, Sims, Vick and Doane present; absent, Alderman Wilson. Secretary Smith, Attorney Doremus and Engineer Adams were also present.

The object of the meeting was to consider the report of the city engineer fixing the assessment to be charged to the property owners on the several streets to be paved. The report was read, showing in detail the cost of the work, the city's part and the amount of each property owner, and after discussion the report was adopted. The report will be published in full in The Eagle at an early date.

The council also passed an ordinance making it a misdemeanor for any person to damage, deface, break or destroy any electric light post or fixture thereof within the City of Bryan, upon any of the streets or public parks of same. Upon conviction the person so violating shall be fined in any sum not less than \$5 nor more than \$25.

The council then adjourned.

## ENDORSE DR. DAVIS.

Grimes County Citizens Endorse Candidate for Legislature.

Navasota, Texas, April 27, 1916.

We, the undersigned citizens of Grimes County, Texas, hereby cordially endorse Dr. Oscar Davis of Anderson, Grimes County, Texas, as a candidate for the legislature from the Twenty-second Representative District, composed of Grimes and Brazos counties. We commend him to the voters of this district as an honest and able man and one who we believe will faithfully and efficiently represent this district in the legislature. He is a man of sound business judgment and of democratic character.

Respectfully,

R. A. Patnot, J. E. Semple, S. J. Emory, M. D., D. E. Callahan, C. Moore, W. C. Gibson, E. D. Blackshear, E. Lott, E. A. Harris, M. D., F. L. Hebert, W. E. Curry, G. S. Crittendon, J. D. Franklow, C. S. Cone, H. L. Lewis, Fritz Meyer, Pat N. Fahey, A. D. McAlpine, M. D., Hal B. Stoneham, E. W. Harris, Geo. D. Neal, M. E. Bailey, W. W. Kennard, Robert Bosse, W. H. Barry, W. W. Greenwood, M. D., G. C. Sangster, John R. Crittendon, Ira Gooch, A. A. Hardin, Ed F. Blackshear, O. H. Moody, H. A. Jacobs, J. W. Brosig, Ewing Norwood, J. B. Weber, J. S. Hooper, M. D., T. B. Viscol, Geo. H. Hoencke, C. C. Franklow, I. Bock.—(Adv.)

## THE RAIN.

The glorious rain that has been falling here all day has been general, not only over the whole of Brazos County, but over a large portion of the State. It was a thorough season.

## BEAUMONT HAD LEGAL HANGING

Beaumont, Texas, April 29.—Ralph H. Burgess was hanged today at noon for wife murder. An hour before hanging he attempted to kill himself.

## METHODISTS PLAN SCHOOL SUBSCRIPTIONS OF \$9,000,000

Southern University at Dallas to Get a Million of Proposed Fund.

Nashville, Tenn., April 28.—Seeking to place all colleges and schools of the denomination on a solid basis financially the board of education of the Southern Methodist Church before adjourning here late yesterday adopted a plan to raise \$9,000,000 by popular subscription among the church membership for education. A million each will go to the Southern University at Dallas and Emory University at Atlanta. Other institutions of the church include 13 A grade colleges, nine B grade colleges, eight junior colleges, 23 unclassified colleges and 15 academies.

## MEMORIAL MEETING.

L. S. Ross Chapter U. D. C., April 28, 1916.

Ritual—Chapter.

Questions on Memorial Day—Chapter.

Music—Piano—Miss Rosa Hart.

Paper—"Our Heroic Dead"—Miss Mabel Zimmerman.

Music—Voice—Miss Mary Oliver Roberts.

Reading—"My Old Friend Majah Green"—Miss Marjorie Wagner.

Music—Piano—Miss Neville Higgs.

Reading—"Cover Them Over With Beautiful Flowers," by Will Carleton—Miss Elizabeth Love.

Florets were provided for the children who, with the chapter, repaired to the cemetery where the graves of our heroic dead were decorated with flowers and evergreens.

It is right that we should recount their deeds of valor and pay homage to the minds and souls of our dead. And we "Cover them over with beautiful flowers; Deck them with garlands, these brothers of ours—

Lying so silent by night and by day, Sleeping the years of their manhood away;

Cover them over—yes cover them over—

Parent and husband and brother and lover;

Crown in your heart these dead heroes of ours,

And cover them over with beautiful flowers."

## CARD OF THANKS.

We feel that words are a hollow mockery, yet we wish to express through The Eagle the deep gratitude we feel in our hearts toward our friends and neighbors for so kindly assisting and sympathizing with us in our great bereavement in the loss of our dear wife and mother. We are also thankful for the many beautiful flowers sent. May God's richest blessings be yours.

P. L. Barron and children.

## TRY IT! SUBSTITUTE FOR NASTY CALOMEL

Starts Your Liver Without Making You Sick and Can Not Salivate.

Every druggist in town—your druggist and everybody's druggist has noticed a great falling off in the sale of calomel. They all give the same reason. Dodson's Liver Tone is taking its place.

"Calomel is dangerous and people know it, while Dodson's Liver Tone is perfectly safe and gives better results," said a prominent local druggist. Dodson's Liver Tone is personally guaranteed by every druggist who sells it. A large bottle costs 50 cents, and if it fails to give easy relief in every case of liver sluggishness and constipation, you have only to ask for your money back.

Dodson's Liver Tone is a pleasant-tasting, purely vegetable remedy, harmless to both children and adults. Take a spoonful at night and wake up feeling fine; no biliousness, sick headache, acid stomach or constipated bowels. It doesn't gripe or cause inconvenience all the next day like violent calomel. Take a dose of calomel today and tomorrow you feel weak, sick and nauseated. Don't lose a day's work! Take Dodson's Liver Tone instead and feel fine, full of vigor and ambition.

## TEMPLE SCENE OF HORRIBLE CRIME

Wealthy Bohemian Farmer Slew His Wife and Children and Killed Himself.

Temple, Texas, May 1.—Murder and suicide exterminated the family of John Wychope, a Bohemian farmer, residing near Holland, some time Saturday night.

The dead are Mrs. Rosa Wychope, wife and mother, aged about 35, four girls, Elbe, 12; Ottila, 10; Amela, 6; Melarda, 1; Frank, 5-year-old boy.

The husband and father, aged about 40 years, is so badly wounded that he can not recover. The terrible deed was committed with a 38-calibre pistol. The four older children, having been dispatched with two shots each, through the head, the baby, Melarda, received one bullet through her brain, the mother, a bullet through the brain and another through the chest.

## Still Alive.

Temple, Texas, May 1.—John Wychope of Holland, near here, the only survivor of his family of seven, whom he killed yesterday and attempted to shoot himself, was still living at noon today, but the physicians said he could not recover.

## ATTENTION DEMOCRATS.

There will be primary conventions held in each voting precinct in the county on Saturday, May 6, to select delegates to the county convention to be held at the court house on May 9. E. W. CRENSHAW,

Chairman Democratic Executive Committee, Brazos County.

## NOTICE FRIEND IN NEED.

You are notified of the death of Mrs. P. L. Barron, No. 63. Assessment must be paid to Joe B. Reed within ten days. Present membership 264.

JOE B. REED, Secretary.

Impatient diner (to passing waiter): "Hey!" "Walter: "Don't serve it, sir!" (Goes on).—Boston Transcript.

## Corn Limpers! Use "Gets-It" and Smile!

Corns Come Right Off, Clean and Quick! You Needn't Limp, or Fuss With Your Corns Any More!

What's the use of spoiling a good time for yourself by limping around with fierce corns? It's one of the easiest things in the world, now, to get rid of them. "Gets-It" does it.



"These Corns Come Right Off, Clean As a Whistle, by Using 'Gets-It'!"

the new way. That's why "Gets-It" has become the corn remedy of America, the biggest selling corn remedy in the world, preferred by millions. Do you remember that too-tasting salve you tried, that sticky tape, that toe-binding bandage, the gouging you've done with knives, razors and scissors? Well now, forget them all. No more fussing, no more pain. Whenever you use simple, easy "Gets-It," the corn is doomed, sure. So is every callus, wart or bunion. Never cut corns or calluses, it makes them grow that much faster and increases the danger of blood poison. No cutting is necessary by using "Gets-It." Use it tonight and end your corny existence. "Gets-It" is sold by all druggists. 25c a bottle, or sent direct by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago. Sold in Bryan and recommended as the world's best corn remedy by M. H. James and the Smith Drug Company. E. J. Jenkins



A Headliner The star act on every Bill (of fare) is an OLD I. W. HARPER WHISKEY highball. If you want the best, order this grand old Kentucky brand. Joe Groginski, Distributor

## Indigestion

tongue, loss of appetite, general debility, anaemia and stomach disorders leave the patient very sick. Why not take

## SEVERA'S Balsam of Life

in time and thus prevent further development of the disease? Its action is prompt and beneficial. It is a tonic of upbuilding value. It brings about a regular movement of the bowels, relieves fatigue, refreshes the patient and lessens the severity of the attacks. Its calming effects make it an efficient medicine in intermittent fever and ague. It strengthens the weak and is recommended to women in their ailments. Price 75 cents a bottle.

STOMACH ACHE. Mr. M. Sobkowiak, Coburg, Westville, Ind., wrote us: "My wife had a stomach ache. After taking Severa's Balsam of Life, the pain stopped."

When buying medicines, ask for Severa's and insist on getting what you asked for. Druggists sell Severa's Preparations. Should your druggist not have the medicine you call for, order direct of us.

W. F. SEVERA CO., Cedar Rapids, Iowa



# UNITED STATES TROOPS NOT TO BE WITHDRAWN

This Was Made Plain at the Conference of United States and Mexican Generals Today. Obergon Asked for Another Conference to Consider Military Questions.

[By Associated Press.]  
El Paso, Texas, May 2.—Generals Scott and Funston held an extended conference today with General Obregon over the amplified instructions sent from Washington in which the administration stated that no agreement could be reached based on any proposition for the withdrawal of the American troops. General Obregon then asked for a second conference to discuss the military questions between the two nations. The conference will probably be held at El Paso this afternoon and the indications are it would be the last one.

## NINETY THOUSAND WOMEN ON STRIKE

Ladies Garment Workers of New York Strike, Affecting Two Thousand Shops.

[By Associated Press.]  
New York, May 2.—In retaliation for a lockout of sixty thousand workers on women's garments by the Manufacturers' Protective Association, the International Ladies Garment Workers Union today ordered a strike of all members in this city. It is estimated the order applies to ninety thousand persons and affects two thousand shops.

## PITTSBURG CAR STRIKE SETTLED

[By Associated Press.]  
Pittsburg, Pa., May 2.—The street car employees' strike here was settled today, when representatives of the company and the union reached an agreement.

FIN FEATHERS WON.  
Defeated the Stars in Championship Bowling Match.

A large crowd was present last night to witness the championship bowling contest between the Fin-Feather and Bryan Stars teams. These two teams had played two matches previously, each winning a game, and the match last night was to settle the contest and for the championship. The game was full of pep and some splendid bowling was done, the Fin-Feathers winning by the narrow margin of 56 points. The players and scores are as follows:

Fin Feathers—			
Stuart	154	170	163—487
S. Simpson	156	165	177—498
Beckwith	172	153	165—490
Nunn	183	161	201—545
Sanders	144	129	109—382
Totals	809	778	815—2402
Stars—			
Johnson	169	118	180—467
Harris	124	159	156—439
E. Simpson	164	143	146—453
Hanway	184	155	162—501
Umland	171	181	134—486
Totals	812	756	778—2346

STORE BURGLARIZED.

Bryan had another burglary last night, this time the dry goods store of H. Bloch on Main Street being the victim. The burglar effected an entrance by breaking the glass in the rear door and evidently was acquainted with the premises. The cash drawer was rifled and \$11.40 stolen. Several pairs of men's shoes and a lot of collars were also stolen. Mr. Bloch says other articles may have been taken, but if so he could not miss them. There is no clew and no arrests have been made.

**DR. W. H. LAWRENCE**

DENTIST

Phone—Residence 558; Office 55

Commerce Building

Bryan, Texas

## A. & M. TRACK MEN DEFEATED BAYLOR

Athletes Competed in Rain, Aggies Winning 95 2-3 to 26 1-3.

On a muddy water covered track A. & M. completely outclassed Baylor in a dual track meet at College yesterday afternoon by a score of 95 2-3 to 26 1-3.

The whole afternoon's program was run in the face of a heavy rain. The meet was featured in the relay race, which terminated in a spectacular run by Moses of the A. & M. team. A. & M. took the lead in the first event and at no time was the home team in any danger of being outclassed. Baylor took only two firsts, one in the half mile and one in the hammer throw.

The winners in the events were:  
120 hurdles—Fry (A.), Brooks (A.), Manigan (B.) Time 17:35.

100 yard dash—Mitchell (A.), Andrew Moses (A.), Bullet Moses (A.) Time 10:15.

1 mile—Mogford (A.), McFadden (A.), Neville (B.) Time 5:18:35.

220 hurdles—Fry (A.), Rogers (A.), Beavers (B.) Time 27.

440 yard run—Andrew Moses (A.), Neyland (A.), Jonas (A.) Time 55:45.

220 yard dash—Mitchell (A.), Andrew Moses (A.), Beavers (B.) Time 22:15.

Half mile—Porter (B.), Mogford (A.), Rasberry (A.) Time 2:13:15.

Shot put—Haines (A.), Isaacs (B.), Braumiller (A.) 33 feet 9 inches.

Discus—Braumiller (A.), Jones (B.), Schuchardt (A.) 106 feet.

Hammer—Isaacs (B.), Brooks (A.), Braumiller (A.) 124 feet.

Broad jump—Waltman (A.), Robertson (B.), Rothe (A.) 18 feet 4 inches.

Polt vault—Rothe (A.), Slitton (B.), Schuchardt (A.), Brooks (A.) Tied for second place. 10 feet.

High jump—Waltman (A.), Prime (A.), Mannigan (B.) 5 feet 2 inches.

A. & M. won the relay.

SHILOH DEFEATED KOPPE.

Shiloh opened the 1916 baseball season with a game with the Koppe team Sunday afternoon on the Shiloh grounds. The game was interesting from start to finish, but Shiloh won its first victory by defeating their opponents by the close score of 3 to 2. Batteries: Shiloh—Krenek, Boriskie and Krenek. Koppe—Sramek and Bukovsky. Correspondent.

# CONFEREES ON MEXICAN BORDER HAVE AGREED

Scott and Obergon Reached Agreement Which Must Be Confirmed by Washington and Mexico City—Nature of Agreement Was Not Given Out.

El Paso, Texas, May 3.—Advices from Mexico City are awaited today to set the seal of approval upon the provisional agreement which is understood to have been reached at the informal Scott-Obergon conference last night. General Scott sent a detailed code report to Washington as did Obregon to Mexico City, and the answers are not expected before Thursday.

It is regarded here that another conference is unnecessary and that this will be the final word from Washington and Mexico City. The agreement is understood to include that the Americans will retire a short distance and cope with Villa bandits in a limited territory. Reports that the troops will be withdrawn in thirty or sixty days have not been confirmed.

RAIN SAVED CROPS.

The rain which fell here Monday and Tuesday insured a corn crop unless insect attacks should result in the destruction of that product. Corn on the college and experiment station farms at the A. & M. College was badly in need of rain. Superintendent Holmes of the college farm and Mr. Wermelskirchen of the experiment station say that the rain Monday came in time to save their crops. Both the college and station farms have as fine prospects for heavy yields as can be found anywhere in Texas.

## PITTSBURG HAS STREET CAR STRIKE

Whole City Is Walking or Riding in Automobiles as Result of the Strike.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 1.—All Pittsburg is walking or riding in automobiles today as a result of a street car strike affecting wages. No disorder marked the issuing of the strike order and two hours afterward the entire traction service was tied up.

FROM UNION HILL.

We, the Union Hill people, are going to celebrate Mothers' Day as usual on the second Sunday in this month, and hope to see a large congregation at old Union Hill church house on that night. We will have our regular program of the league members. Brother J. O. Riggs, one of our faithful Union workers, will make the opening address. Prof. Chastain, from College, whom we all know well and hold in high esteem, will also give us an interesting talk about Mother. Mr. Chastain has spoken at Union Hill before and by his well delivered talks on Mother we have all learned to love him.

Prof. C. M. Bethany will also be with us and of whom we are expecting a good long address about Mother. We will all have a little poem about Mother.

We are still prospering in the Lord's work and extend a welcome far and near to all who will come and take part with us in the Lord's work. Bro. C. C. Wheeler is always with us at his regular appointments on the first and third Saturday nights and Sunday evenings in every month.

Brother Jessie Thompson, pastor of the M. E. Church, is a faithful servant of the Lord and is here at his regular appointment on the second Sunday afternoon and night in each month.

Let us all remember that on the other side of the Great Gulf a mansion stands for us.

ABB CARSON.

Social Success.

Judge Henry Howland told the story of an embarrassed but generous-hearted young man who felt called upon to relieve the sudden cessation of conversation which often overtakes even the most brilliant social circle. With the blushes mounting his cheeks, he timidly turned to the daughter of the hostess, who was not present in the room, and inquired:

"Ho-how is yo-your mo-mother? N-not th-that I g-give a damn, bu-but it ma-makes ta-talk."—Everybody's.

# FLOOD CONTROL COM- MITTEE COMING

Flood Control Committee of National Congress Leaves at First Opportunity.

Washington, May 3.—The decision of the flood control committee of the house to visit Texas was made known Tuesday following a meeting of the committee. At that meeting Congressman McLeMore formally extended the invitation to visit the Brazos, Trinity and Colorado river sections of the State and called attention to the invitation which has already been extended by Governor Ferguson.

Chairman Humphrey said that the visit will be made between the middle and latter part of May. Just as soon as the house finds itself involved in discussion of a measure that will occupy ten days or two weeks the committee will depart for Texas.

Today the flood control committee's first measure, one for the relief of the Mississippi and Sacramento valleys, was before the house for consideration.

NOTICE.

All citizens of Brazos County who desire to put teams on the road during the construction of good roads, will apply to J. T. Maloney, county judge.

# SUCCEED IN CAPTURING IMPORTANT TRENCHES

The Reports Today Indicate the French Have Made Substantial Gains in the Verdun Region—A German Offensive Is Impending on the Russian Front—Greeks in Mass Meeting Demand that Greece Join Entente Allies in the War—Gerard Will Be Given Germany's Reply to the American Demands on Thursday—More Russian Troops Arrive in France.

London, May 2.—Important gains were made in the French counter-offensive at Verdun, it was announced today. The French obtained possession of German trenches along three-fifths of a mile front on the north side of Dead Man's Hill and about five hundred yards deep. Five hundred yards of German first line trenches southeast of Douaumont were taken last night.

A German offensive, is said to be impending along the Russian line near Dvinsk.

An immense crowd gathered at a mass meeting of the Greek liberal party at Saloniki, demanding that Greece revert to the policies of former Premier Venizelos and join the ententes in the war.

Winding Up Dublin Affair.

[By Associated Press.]  
Dublin, Ireland, May 2.—Soldiers are completing a thorough search of the city, which is now quiet, and it is hoped that within a short time they will account for the last of the snipers, a small band of which was shelled Monday afternoon. Train communication is still interrupted.

Ask Secretary to Resign.

[By Associated Press.]  
London, April 2.—Premier Asquith in the House of Commons this afternoon said he hoped to give an early opportunity for the discussion of the motion calling for the resignation of Augustine Birrell, chief secretary for Ireland.

For Compulsory Enlistment.

[By Associated Press.]  
London, May 2.—Premier Asquith

SHORTAGE OF REFRIGERATOR CARS

Department of Agriculture Co-operates to Prevent.

Washington, D. C., May 3.—The serious car shortage throughout the country is beginning to be felt by shippers and distributors of early fruits and vegetables. In the various conferences between the Interstate Commerce Commission, railroad officials and shippers, the latter have been represented, for the most part, by shippers of nonperishable commodities.

A Southern road, confronted with an extraordinarily heavy tonnage of perishable commodities, finds, at the opening of the season, nearly half its refrigerator equipment on other lines, and is unable to get the cars home. This is typical of other sections, and there is great danger that the interests of users of refrigerator cars may be sacrificed to the necessities of other shippers.

A year ago the department of agriculture in a bulletin for farmers and shippers of perishable farm products called attention to the importance of prompt loading and unloading of cars, and to the economic waste involved in a misuse of cars. As the department's marketing work progresses, the importance of this phase of transportation service becomes more apparent. In response to appeals from shippers, the department, in an effort to avoid disaster to growers, has called to the attention of the Interstate Commerce Commission the necessity for prompt movement, release, and speedy return to producing sections of all refrigerator cars. Shippers and distributors are again urged to co-operate in every way possible toward the end of greater refrigerator car efficiency, and are reminded that their co-operation, always necessary, is more essential this year than ever before.

POSTOFFICE RECEIPTS.

Receipts for the Bryan postoffice for the month of April, as furnished The Eagle by Postmaster Astin, amounted to \$1425.62. For April, 1915, the receipts were \$1410.63, an increase for April, 1916, over April, 1915, of \$14.99.

announced in the House of Commons this afternoon that a bill will be introduced tomorrow for general and immediate compulsion. He told the members that the total naval and military effort of the empire since the beginning of the war was five million men. He said the British army, including India, comprised eighty-three divisions.

More Russians Arrive.

[By Associated Press.]  
Marselles, May 2.—A further contingent of Russian troops arrived today at this port.

German Reply Thursday.

[By Associated Press]

London, May 2.—An Amsterdam dispatch says the German answer to the American note will be delivered to Ambassador Gerard Thursday, but probably will not be the final reply. It is expected Germany will make counter proposals regarding the establishment of new rules for their submarine warfare. Ambassador Gerard returned to Berlin this morning. It is suggested in political circles that the King of Spain will be asked to mediate the question between the two countries.

French Repulsed.

[By Associated Press.]

Berlin, May 2.—(Bulletin)—The French attacks on the Verdun front east of the Meuse yesterday were repulsed in a fierce struggle at close quarters which lasted for several hours, the war office announced today.

STILL HIGHER PRICES FOR SHOES PREDICTED

If the shadow of coming higher prices in shoes did not already appear we should know from official evidence that there is to be an ascent. The present advance, we are told, will be about 20 per cent. By next fall, they say, it will be more than that, although we are permitted to hope that the conditions which cause the rise will by that time be somewhat mitigated.

The ultimate consumer would be more resigned to his fate if for every increase in cost he could have as frank and convincing reasons as he may have for this. For this, it appears, is not just a raise of the price. It is an advance of price made imperative by the higher cost of production.

Ten essential causes combine to create this—the demand exceeds the supply; the cost of tanning materials has increased from 100 to 1000 per cent; the supply of raw materials has diminished because of the war; the freight embargo is general, and by water especially bad; marine freight and charges have increased; a tremendous and growing amount of sole leather is exported to Europe; home consumption of shoes is increased because of greater employment of labor and higher prices paid; there is a greatly increased demand for leather for knapsacks, saddles and harness for war use, and for belting in enlarging factories; labor rates have gone up; there has been some curtailment of the tannery output.

Back of all this, leather is a by-product, whose supply can not be increased at will, as crops and metals are, but is dependent on the quantity of hides, and cattle are not killed primarily for their hides, but for food supply. The supply of cattle in the country does not, moreover, keep up in proportion to the population.

These are a few of the phases of the situation. The shoe producers of the country face an uncompromising condition, and are trying to make the best of it. There are certain requirements which the consumer must meet, and the best hope for him is in a change in some of the conditions which the war produces. As to that, we can only wait and hope.—New Haven Register.